

SOLUTIONS
PRACTICE EXAM #1

Pg 1 ne

①

$$\begin{aligned} ① \quad 5A + 3C &= 5 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 & 20 \\ 10 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -2 & 20 \\ 13 & -6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ② \quad A \cdot H &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -11 & 7 \\ -3 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}} \\ &\quad \begin{matrix} \text{2x3} & \text{3x3} & \text{2x3} \\ \text{ok} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ③ \quad D \cdot F &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}} \\ &\quad \begin{matrix} \text{3x3} & \text{3x1} \\ \text{ok} \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ④ \quad (3J + E) \cdot G &= \left(3 \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -11 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -15 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \left(\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -33 \\ -3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -15 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 16 & -48 \\ -4 & 36 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} -128 \\ 104 \end{bmatrix}} \end{aligned}$$

← sorry the numbers got so big

$$(5) H \cdot D = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{pg 2 wo}$$

$$(6) B - E = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -15 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 22 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(7) 5B - 2E = 5 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -15 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 35 \\ 5 & 10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -30 \\ -2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 65 \\ 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(8) B \cdot G = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 24 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$2 \times 2 \quad \quad 2 \times 1$

$$(9) F \cdot C = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$3 \times 1 \quad \quad \text{no} \quad \quad 2 \times 3$

CANNOT DO
SINCE THE
MIDDLE NUMBERS
DON'T MATCH

$$(10) \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 3 & 7 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{S.R., R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{2 \cdot R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & -2 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -3 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 7 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

pg 3 three

$$(11) \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -15 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{SR_1, R_2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -15 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & -15 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-4 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{4 \cdot R_2 + R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 15 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ so } \boxed{E^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 15 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$(12) \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -11 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{SR_1, R_2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -11 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 4 & -11 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-4 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{3 \cdot R_2 + R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ so } \boxed{J^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$(13) D \cdot H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -6 & 12 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$3 \times 3 \quad \quad 3 \times 3$

may stop here:

they ARE NOT
INVERSES

$$(14) 3x_1 + x_2 = 10$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 = -1 \Rightarrow x_1 = 4x_2 - 1$$

$$\text{so } 3(4x_2 - 1) + x_2 = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 12x_2 - 3 + x_2 = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 13x_2 = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = 1$$

$$\text{so } x_1 = 4(1) - 1 \\ = 4 - 1 \\ = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{(3, 1)}$$

$$(15) \begin{cases} 3(2x_1 + 9x_2 = 7) \\ -2(3x_1 + 5x_2 = 2) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 6x_1 + 27x_2 = 21 \\ -6x_1 - 10x_2 = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 6x_1 + 27x_2 = 21 \\ -10x_2 = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow 17x_2 = 17$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = 1$$

$$\text{so } 2x_1 + 9(1) = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_1 = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{(-1, 1)}$$

(16) $2x_1 - 4x_2 = -2$
 $-x_1 + 2x_2 = 1$ pg 4 over

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & -4 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\substack{5R_1, R_2 \\ -1 \cdot R_1}]{\substack{5R_1, R_2 \\ -1 \cdot R_1}} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{-2 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \boxed{\text{ALL REAL NUMBERS}}$$

↑
entire row is zeros

(17) $3x_1 + x_2 = 3$
 $5x_1 + 2x_2 = 4$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & 4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{5R_1, R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-3 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x_1 = 2 \\ x_2 = -3 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{(2, -3)}$$

(18) $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 10$
 $5x_1 + 9x_2 + 7x_3 = 20$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 10 \\ 5 & 9 & 7 & 20 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-5 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 10 \\ 0 & -1 & -8 & -30 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & 30 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2 \cdot R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -13 & -50 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & 30 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x_1 - 13x_3 = -50 \\ x_2 + 8x_3 = 30 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x_1 = 13x_3 - 50 \\ x_2 = -8x_3 + 30 \end{matrix}$$

so:

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} x_1 = 13t - 50 \\ x_2 = -8t + 30 \\ x_3 = t \end{matrix}}$$

(19) $3x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 + 7x_4 = 5$
 $2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 2$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 1 & 5 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_2 + R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 4 & 6 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{-2 \cdot R_1 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 4 & 6 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -7 & -11 & -4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + 4x_3 + 6x_4 = 3$$

$$x_2 - 7x_3 - 11x_4 = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = -4t_1 - 6t_2 + 3 \\ x_2 = 7t_1 + 11t_2 - 4 \\ x_3 = t_1 \\ x_4 = t_2 \end{cases}$$

(20)

$$X = A^T \cdot C$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -2 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{(6, -3, -1)}$$

(21) $X = A^T \cdot C$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -2 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{(-7, 5, -1)}$$