

2.6: Related rates

General idea for solving rate problems:

1. Draw a sketch if applicable. The only dimensions you put on your sketch should be those that do not change.
2. Write down, in calculus notation, the rates you know and want.
3. Write an equation relating the quantities that are changing. *(the quantities in the know and want)*
4. Differentiate it implicitly, with respect to time.
5. Substitute known quantities.
6. Solve for the required rate.

Example 1: The radius of a sphere is increasing at the rate of 2 inches per minute. Find the rate of change in volume when the radius is 6 inches.

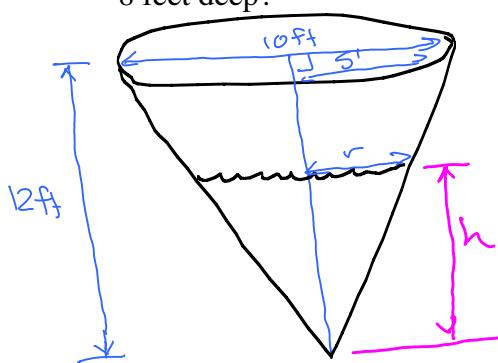
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \\ \frac{d}{dt}(V) &= \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3\right) \\ \frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{4}{3}\pi \left(3r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}\right) \\ \frac{dV}{dt} &= 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

Know: $\frac{dr}{dt} = +2 \text{ in/min}$
 Want: $\frac{dV}{dt}$
 When: $r = 6 \text{ in}$



$$\frac{dV}{dt} \Big|_{r=6} = 4\pi (6 \text{ in})^2 \left(\frac{2 \text{ in}}{\text{min}}\right) = \boxed{\frac{288\pi \text{ in}^3}{\text{min}}}$$

Example 2: A conical tank (with vertex down) has a diameter of 10 feet at the top and is 12 feet deep. If water is draining out at 10 cubic feet per minute, what is the rate of change in depth when the water is 8 feet deep?



Know: $\frac{dV}{dt} = -10 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$ (Volume of water)

Want: $\frac{dh}{dt}$

When: $h = 8 \text{ ft}$

Volume of a cone: $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

We want V and h only... need to get rid of r . Need a relationship between r and h .

From similar triangles,

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{r}{h} &= \frac{5}{12} \\ r &= \frac{5h}{12} \end{aligned} \right\} r = \frac{5h}{12}$$

OR

$$\frac{r}{5} = \frac{h}{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{5h}{12}\right)^2 (h) \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{25h^3}{144}\right) h \\ &= \frac{25\pi h^3}{432} = \frac{25\pi}{432} h^3 \end{aligned}$$

Cont'd at
end of notes

$$\boxed{\text{Ex 2 cont'd}} \quad V = \frac{25\pi}{432} h^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt}(V) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{25\pi}{432} h^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{25\pi}{432} (3h^2 \frac{dh}{dt})$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{75\pi h^2}{432} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\underline{\text{Substitute:}} \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = -10 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}, \quad h = 8 \text{ ft}$$

$$-10 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = \frac{75\pi (8\text{ft})^2}{432} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-10 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = \frac{4800\pi \text{ ft}^2}{432} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-10 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = \frac{100\pi \text{ ft}^2}{9} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-10 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} \left(\frac{9}{100\pi \text{ ft}^2} \right) = \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = - \frac{90\text{ft}^3}{100\pi \text{ min} \cdot \text{ft}^2}$$

$$= -\frac{9}{10\pi} \text{ ft/min}$$

Process

1) Write down your Know, Want, when
↑
rates

$$\approx -0.286 \text{ ft/min}$$

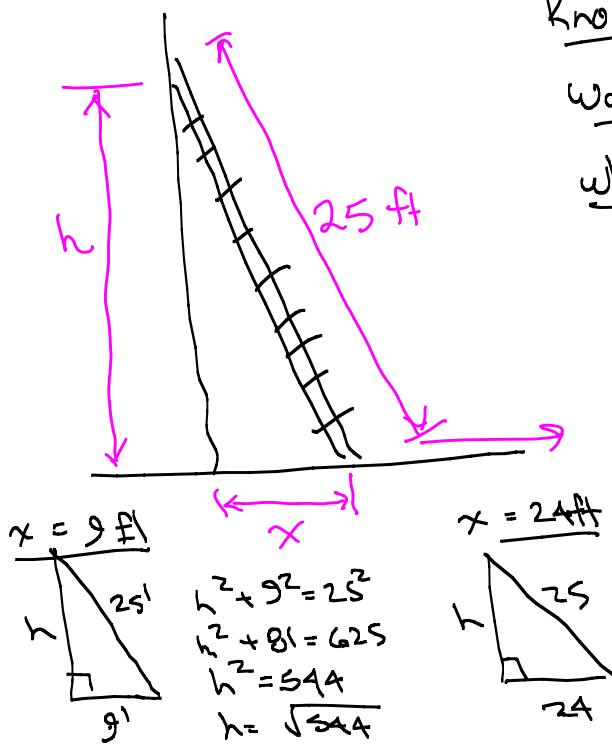
2) Write an equation relating your variables from the Know and Want
(with no extra variables)

3) Differentiate implicitly w/ respect to time.

4) Substitute known rates & quantities.

5) Solve for the rate you want.

Example 3: A ladder 25 feet long is leaning against a wall. The base of the ladder is pulled away at 2 feet per second. How fast is the top of the ladder moving when the base is 9 feet away? What about when it is 24 feet away?



Know: $\frac{dx}{dt} = +2 \text{ ft/s}$

Want: $\frac{dh}{dt}$

When: $x = 9 \text{ ft}$, $x = 24 \text{ ft}$

Need egn relating h to x .

$$x^2 + h^2 = (25 \text{ ft})^2$$

$$x^2 + h^2 = 625 \text{ ft}^2$$

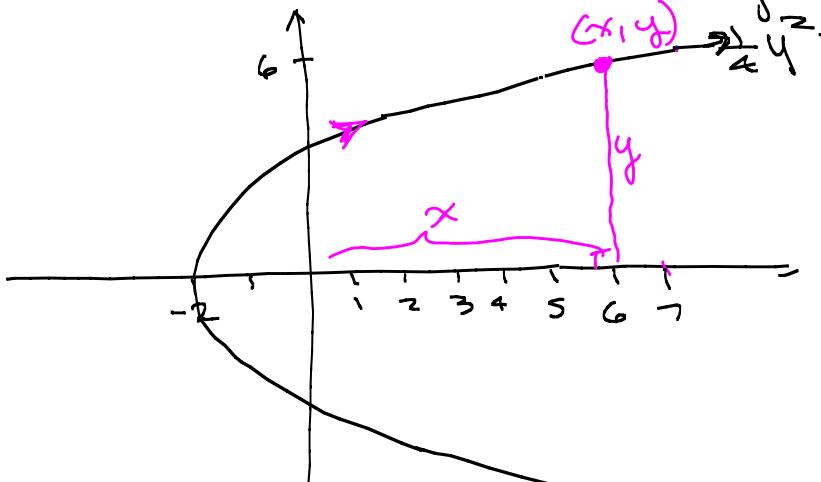
$$\frac{d}{dt}(x^2 + h^2) = \frac{d}{dt}(625 \text{ ft}^2)$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2h \frac{dh}{dt} = 0$$

$$2h \frac{dh}{dt} = -2x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{x}{h} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

Example 4: A particle is moving along the parabola $y^2 = 4x + 8$. As it passes through the point $(7, 6)$ its y -coordinate is increasing at the rate of 3 units per second. How fast is the x -coordinate changing at this instant?



$$y^2 = 4x + 8$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(y^2) = \frac{d}{dt}(4x + 8)$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 4 \frac{dx}{dt} + 0$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 4 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$x=7, y=6, \frac{dy}{dt} = 3 \text{ units/s} \Rightarrow 2(6)(3 \text{ units/s}) = 4 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$36 \text{ units/s} = 4 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

want relationship between x and y from Know and Want.

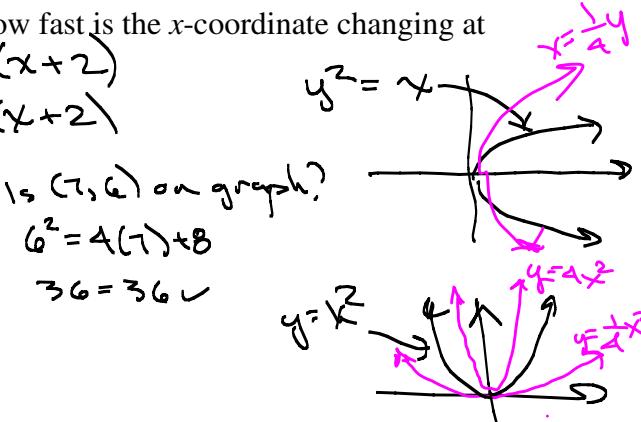
Know: $\frac{dy}{dt} = +3 \text{ units/sec}$

Want: $\frac{dx}{dt}$

When: $x = 7, y = 6$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{36 \text{ units}}{4 \text{ sec}}$$

$$= 9 \text{ units/sec}$$



Ex 3 cont'd'

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = - \frac{x}{h} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

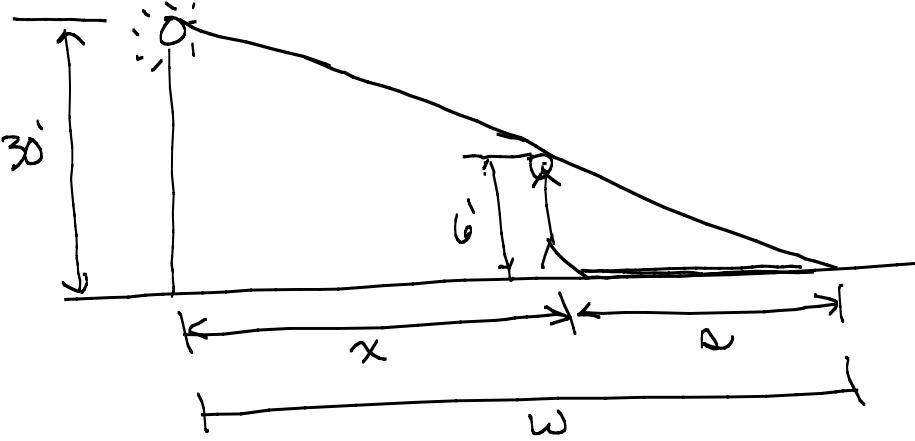
$$\left. \frac{dh}{dt} \right|_{x=9\text{ft}} = - \frac{9\cancel{\text{ft}}}{\sqrt{544} + \cancel{4}} (2\text{ft/s}) = - \frac{18}{\sqrt{544}} \text{ ft/s}$$

$\approx \boxed{-0.7717 \text{ ft/s}}$

$$\left. \frac{dh}{dt} \right|_{x=24} = - \frac{24\cancel{\text{ft}}}{7\cancel{\text{ft}}} (2\text{ft/s}) = - \frac{48}{7} \text{ ft/s}$$

$= \boxed{-6\frac{6}{7} \text{ ft/s}}$

Example 5: A 6-foot tall man walks away from a 30-foot tall lamppost at a speed of 400 feet per minute. When he is 50 feet away from the lamppost, at what rate is his shadow lengthening? How fast is the tip of his shadow moving?



Implicit Diff

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{6} w \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{30} (x+w) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{1}{30} \left(\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dw}{dt} \right)$$

Multiply both sides by 30:

$$5 \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dw}{dt}$$

Know: $\frac{dx}{dt} = +400 \text{ ft/sec}$

Want: $\frac{dw}{dt}$, $\frac{dR}{dt}$

When: $x = 50 \text{ ft}$

Need relationship (equation)
between x and w .

Similar triangles:

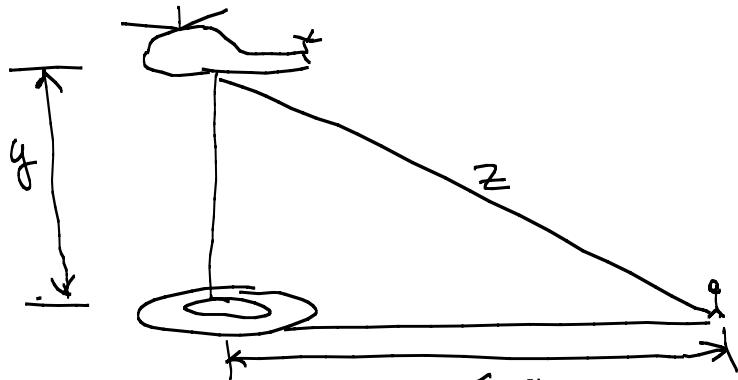
$$\frac{6}{w} = \frac{30}{x}$$

$$\frac{6}{w} = \frac{30}{x+w} \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{6}{30} = \frac{w}{x+w}$$

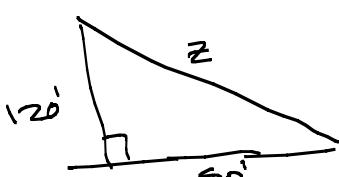
Reciprocal: $\frac{w}{6} = \frac{x+w}{30}$

$$\frac{1}{6} w = \frac{1}{30} (x+w)$$

Example 6: At a distance of 50 ft from the pad, a man observes a helicopter taking off from a heliport. The helicopter is rising vertically at a speed of 44 ft/second. How fast is the distance between the helicopter and the man changing when it is at an altitude of 120 ft?



at the instant
when $y = 120 \text{ ft}$:



$$50^2 + 120^2 = z^2$$

$$16900 = z^2$$

$$z = 130$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{y}{z} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{120}{130} (44 \text{ ft/s}) \approx 40.615 \text{ ft/s}$$

Know: $\frac{dy}{dt} = +44 \text{ ft/sec}$

want: $\frac{dz}{dt}$

when: $y = 120 \text{ ft}$

Need an eqn relating y and z .

$$y^2 + 50^2 = z^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (y^2 + 50^2) = \frac{d}{dt} (z^2)$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} + 0 = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\frac{2y \frac{dy}{dt}}{2z} = \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{y}{z} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

we have $\frac{dy}{dt}$ and y ; need z .

Ex 5 contd:

$$5 \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 400 \text{ ft/min} \Rightarrow 5 \frac{ds}{dt} = 400 \text{ ft/min} + \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\Delta \frac{ds}{dt} = 400 \text{ ft/min}$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = 100 \text{ ft/min}$$

$$x + s = w$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$400 \text{ ft/min} + 100 \text{ ft/min} = \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = + 500 \text{ ft/min}$$

The shadow is lengthening at 100 ft/min and the tip of the shadow is moving at 500 ft/min.