

Prereading Assignment from 2.5

(similar)
Extra example:

One number is 4 more than twice another.
Their sum is 22. Find the numbers.

One number: $2x + 4$

Another number: x

One number $\xrightarrow[\text{to}]{\text{compared}}$ another number
 x

$$2x + 4 + x = 22$$

$$3x + 4 = 22$$

$$3x = 18$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$x = 6$$

Another number $= x = 6$

One number: $2x + 4$

$$x = 6 \Rightarrow 2(6) + 4 = 12 + 4 = 16$$

Answer in a complete sentence:

The numbers are 6 and 16.

Homework Qs from 2.3

(2)

2.3 #21) $-0.7(2x-7) = 0.3(11-4x)$

$$-0.7(2x) - 0.7(-7) = 0.3(11) + 0.3(-4x)$$

$$-1.4x + 4.9 = 3.3 - 1.2x$$

$$-1.4x + 1.2x = 3.3 - 4.9$$

$$-0.2x = -1.6$$

$$\frac{-0.2x}{-0.2} = \frac{-1.6}{-0.2}$$

$$x = + \frac{1.6}{0.2} \left(\frac{10}{10} \right)$$

$$x = \frac{16}{2}$$

$$x = 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ -1.2 \\ \hline 0.2 \\ \\ 4.9 \\ -3.3 \\ \hline 1.6 \end{array}$$

{8}

OR, switch to fractions:

From here:
 $-0.2x = -1.6$

$$-\frac{2}{10}x = -\frac{16}{10}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}x = -\frac{8}{5}$$

$$\left(-\frac{5}{1} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{5}x \right) = \left(-\frac{8}{5} \right) \left(-\frac{5}{1} \right)$$

$$x = +8$$

{8}

2.3 #25) $\frac{3}{4}(8x-4) + 3 = \frac{2}{5}(5x+10) - 1$

$$\frac{3}{4}(8x) + \frac{3}{4}(-4) + 3 = \frac{2}{5}(5x) + \frac{2}{5}(10) - 1$$

$$6x - 3 + 3 = 2x + 4 - 1$$

$$6x = 2x + 3$$

$$6x - 2x = 3$$

$$4x = 3$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{4}$$

{3/4}

2.3 #35

3

$$5(x-2) - (3x+4) = 3(6x-8) + 10$$

$$5x - 10 - 3x - 4 = 18x - 24 + 10$$

$$2x - 14 = 18x - 14$$

$$2x = 18x$$

$$-18x = -18x$$

$$-16x = 0$$

$$\frac{-16x}{-16} = \frac{0}{-16}$$

$$x = 0$$

Sol'n Set:

{0}

Note:

Suppose

I had $-16x + 3 = -16x - 7$

$$3 = -7$$

$$10 = 0 \text{ False}$$

Solution Set: \emptyset
(empty set)

No Solution

Note:

Suppose

I had

$$-2(8x+1) = -10x - 2 - 6x$$

$$-16x - 2 = -16x - 2$$

$$-2 = -2$$

$$+2 = +2$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ True for every } x$$

Sol'n Set:

All real numbers

In xyz homework:

Enter DNE for No Solution

Enter oo for All real numbers

lower-case letter oh's

2.3 #57) $x + (x+3)(-3) = x-3$

$$x - 3x - 9 = x - 3$$

$$-2x - 9 = x - 3$$

$$-3x - 9 = -3$$

$$-3x = 6$$

could write:

$$x - 3(x+3) = x - 3$$

$$x - 3x - 9 = x - 3$$

$$-2x - 9 = x - 3$$

$$x = -2$$

{-2}

2.5: Applications of Linear equations

2.5 #8) One number is three less than another. Their sum is fifteen. Find the numbers.

one number: $x-3$
 another number: x

one number $\xrightarrow[\text{to}]{\text{compared}}$ another x

$$x - 3 + x = 15$$

$$2x - 3 = 15$$

$$2x = 18$$

$$x = 9$$

another: $x = 9$
 one number: $x - 3 = 9 - 3 = 6$

The numbers are 6 and 9.

2.5 #10 | One number is five more than
twice another. If their sum is decreased by ten,
the result is 22. Find the numbers.

5

one number: $2x+5$
another: x

$$\underbrace{2x+5+x}_{\text{sum}} - 10 = 22$$

$$3x - 5 = 22$$

$$3x = 27$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{27}{3}$$

$$x = 9$$

another: $x = 9$

one number: $2x+5 = 2(9)+5 = 18+5 = 23$

The two numbers are 9 and 23.

Check:
1st sentence { twice another: $2(9) = 18$
twice the small one: $2(9) = 18$
5 more: $18+5 = 23$ ✓

2nd sentence: Sum: $\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ + 9 \\ \hline 32 \end{array}$

Decrease by 10: 22 ✓

Example: The perimeter of a rectangle is 80 ft. (6)

The length is 9 ft more than the width. What are the dimensions?

length: $x+9$

width: x

length $\xrightarrow[\text{to}]{\text{compare}}$ width x

Perimeter = 80

$$x + (x+9) + x + (x+9) = 80$$

$$x + x + 9 + x + x + 9 = 80$$

$$4x + 18 = 80$$

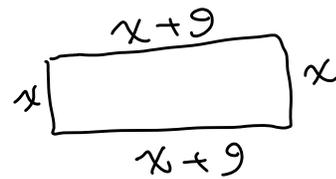
$$4x = 62$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{62}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{31}{2} = 15\frac{1}{2}$$

width: $x = 15\frac{1}{2}$

length: $x+9 = 15.5+9 = 24.5$



OR $P = 2(\text{length}) + 2(\text{width})$

$$80 = 2(x+9) + 2(x)$$

$$80 = 2x + 18 + 2x$$

$$80 = 4x + 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 4 \overline{)62} \\ \underline{4} \\ 22 \\ \underline{20} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

Same

The width is 15.5 ft and the length is 24.5 ft.

Check: 1st sentence: Perimeter = $15.5 + 15.5 + 24.5 + 24.5$

$$= 31 + 49 = 80 \checkmark$$

2nd sentence: Length 9' more than width? \checkmark

2.5 #16) Tim is 5 years older than JoAnn. Six years from now, the sum of their ages will be 79. How old are they now? (7)

	Now	6 yrs from now
Tim	$x+5$	$x+5+6 = x+11$
Jo Ann	x	$x+6$

Tim's age now

compare to

Jo Ann's Age now
 x

$$x+11 + x+6 = 79$$

$$2x + 17 = 79$$

$$2x = 62$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{62}{2}$$

$$x = 31$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 79 \\ -17 \\ \hline 62 \end{array}$$

Jo Ann's age now: $x = 31$

Tim's age now: $x+5 = 31+5 = 36$

Jo Ann is 31 now and Tim is 36.

Check: 1st sentence: Tim 5 yrs older than JoAnn? ✓ yes.

2nd sentence: 6 years from now, JoAnn will be $31+6=37$ and Tim will be $36+6=42$

✓ 79