

Prereading from 2.5

Note Title

9/2/2015

Similar/2nd example

One number is 4 more than twice another.

Their sum is 22. Find the numbers.

"one number": $2x + 4$

"another" number: x

$$(2x+4) + x = 22 \quad \text{one number} \xrightarrow{\text{compare to}} \text{another}$$

$2x + 4 + x = 22$

$3x + 4 = 22$

$x = 6$

$$3x = 18$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$x = 6$$

"another" number: $x = 6$

"one number": $2x + 4$

$$\text{Plug in } x=6: 2(6)+4 = 12+4 = 16$$

Answer in a complete sentence:

The numbers 6 and 16.

Check: { twice the small #: $2(6)=12$
1st sentence } 4 more: $16 \checkmark$

2nd sentence: Sum is 22? $16+6=22 \checkmark$

Homework Qs

$$2.3 \# 13) \quad 1 = \frac{1}{2}(4x+2)$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{2} \cancel{(4x)} + \frac{1}{2} \cancel{(2)}$$

$$1 = \frac{4}{2} \cancel{x} + \frac{2}{2}$$

$$1 = 2x + 1$$

$$0 = 2x$$

$$\frac{0}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$0 = x$$

{0}

$$2.3 \# 25) \quad \frac{3}{4}(8x-4) + 3 = \frac{2}{5}(5x+10) - 1$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cancel{\frac{(8x)}{1}} + \frac{3}{4} \cancel{\frac{(-4)}{1}} + 3 = \frac{2}{5} \cancel{\frac{(5x)}{1}} + \frac{2}{5} \cancel{\frac{(10)}{1}} - 1$$

$$6x - 3 + 3 = 2x + 4 - 1$$

$$6x = 2x + 3$$

$$4x = 3$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{4}$$

{ $\frac{3}{4}$ }

$$2.3 \# 71) \quad 0.10x + 0.12(x+50) = 214$$

$$0.10x + 0.12x + 0.12(50) = 214$$

$$0.10x + 0.12x + 60 = 214$$

$$0.22x = 154$$

$$\frac{0.22x}{0.22} = \frac{154}{0.22}$$

$$x = \frac{154}{0.22} \frac{(100)}{(100)} = \frac{15400}{22}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 214 \\ -60 \\ \hline 154 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.12 \\ \times 500 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 50 \\ \hline 600 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.12 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 500 \\ \hline 60000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.12 \\ \times 500 \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{15400}{22} = 700$$

OR switch to fractions before dividing

$$0.22x = 154$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 22 \overline{) 154} \\ 14 \hline 10 \\ 10 \hline 4 \\ 4 \hline 0 \end{array}$$

(3)

$$\frac{22}{100}x = 154$$

$$\frac{100}{22} \left(\frac{22}{100}x \right) = 154 \left(\frac{100}{22} \right)$$

$$x = \frac{15400}{22} \quad \text{then proceed as before.}$$

Yet another option:

$$0.10x + 0.12(x+500) = 214$$

Multiply both sides by 100:

$$100(0.10x + 0.12(x+500)) = (214)(100)$$

$$100(0.10x) + 100(0.12)(x+500) = 214(100)$$

$$10x + 12(x+500) = 21400$$

$$10x + 12x + 6000 = 21400$$

$$22x + 6000 = 21400$$

$$22x = 15400$$

$$x = \frac{15400}{22} = 700$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21400 \\ - 6000 \\ \hline 15400 \end{array}$$

{700}

2.5: Applications of Linear Equations

2.5 #10 One number is five more than twice another. If their sum is decreased by 10, the result is 22. Find the numbers.

"one number": $2x + 5$

"another" number: x

$$\underbrace{x + (2x+5)}_{\text{sum}} - 10 = 22$$

One number $\xrightarrow[\text{to}]{\text{composed}}$ another x

$$3x + 5 - 10 = 22$$

$$3x - 5 = 22$$

$+5 \quad +5$

$$3x = 27$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{27}{3}$$

$$x = 9$$

"another" number: $x=9$

"one number": $2x+5 = 2(9)+5 = 18+5 = 23$

The numbers are 9 and 23.

Check: $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{twice the small one: } 2(9) = 18 \\ \text{5 more: } 23 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{1st sentence} \\ \text{5 more: } 23 \end{array}$

2nd sentence: sum: $\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ + 9 \\ \hline 32 \end{array}$

Decrease by 10: 22 ✓

Ex: The perimeter of a rectangle is 80 ft.
The length is 9 ft more than the width. What are the length and width?

$$\text{length: } x+9$$

$$\text{width: } x$$

$$x + (x+9) + x + (x+9) = 80$$

$$x + x+9 + x + x+9 = 80$$

$$4x + 18 = 80$$

$$4x = 62$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{62}{4}$$

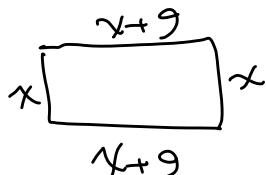
$$x = \frac{31}{2} = 15\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{width: } x = 15\frac{1}{2} = 15.5$$

$$\text{length: } x+9 = 15\frac{1}{2} + 9 = 24\frac{1}{2} = 24.5$$

The width is 15.5 ft and the length is 24.5 ft.

length $\xrightarrow{\text{compare to}}$ width x



$$\text{OR Perimeter} = 2(\text{length}) + 2(\text{width})$$

$$80 = 2(x+9) + 2(x)$$

$$80 = 2x + 18 + 2x$$

$$80 = 4x + 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 2 \overline{) 31} \\ \underline{-10} \\ 11 \\ \underline{-10} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

Same!

2.5 #4 Justin is 2 years older than Ethan. In 9 years, the sum of their ages will be 30. Find their ages now.

	Now	In 9 years
Justin	$x+2$	$(x+2) + 9 = x+11$
Ethan	x	$x+9$

Justin's age now $\xrightarrow{\text{compared to}}$ Ethan's age now x

See next page

Previous ex. cont'd

$$(x+11) + (x+9) = 30$$

$$x+11+x+9 = 30$$

$$2x+20 = 30$$

$$2x = 10$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$x = 5$$

Ethan's age now: $x = 5$ \rightarrow looked up x in table

Justin's age now: $x+2$

$$x = 5 \Rightarrow 5+2 = 7$$

Ethan is 5 now, and Justin is 7.

1st sentence: J 2 yrs older than E? Yes ✓

2nd sentence: In 9 years, Ethan will be $5+9=14$

Justin will be $7+9=16$

$$\text{Sum } \underline{\quad 30 \quad} \checkmark$$