

12.3: Inferences between 2 proportions

Note Title

11/28/2016

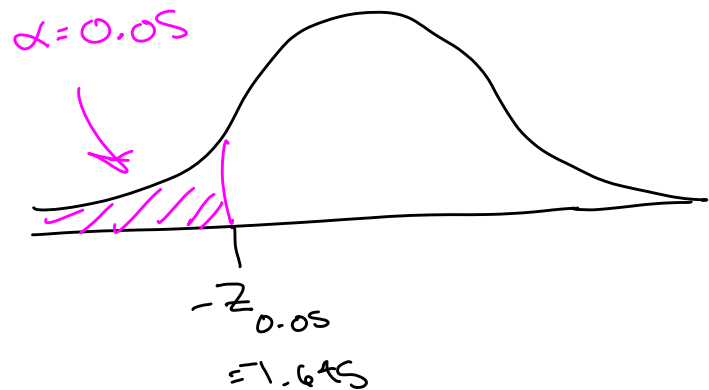
Example 2: (Comparison of Cancer Drugs)
See pdf notes for formulas, etc.

Example 2: Suppose that a clinical trial for two different cancer drugs is conducted. For drug A, 637 of 2095 patients were cured. For drug B, 702 of 2119 patients were cured. Does this trial provide evidence that Drug B cures a higher percentage of patients than Drug A? Use a 5% level of significance.

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

$$H_0: p_1 = p_2$$

$$H_a: p_1 < p_2$$



From tables critical value
for z is $z_{0.05} = 1.645$.

Sample info:

$$\text{Drug A: } \hat{p}_1 = \frac{x_1}{n_1} = \frac{637}{2095} = 0.304$$
$$n_1 = 2095$$

$$\text{Drug B: } \hat{p}_2 = \frac{x_2}{n_2} = \frac{702}{2119} = 0.331$$
$$n_2 = 2119$$

Calculate pooled sample proportion:

$$\hat{p}_p = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{n_1 + n_2} = \frac{637 + 702}{2095 + 2119}$$
$$= \frac{1339}{4214}$$

$$\approx 0.31775$$

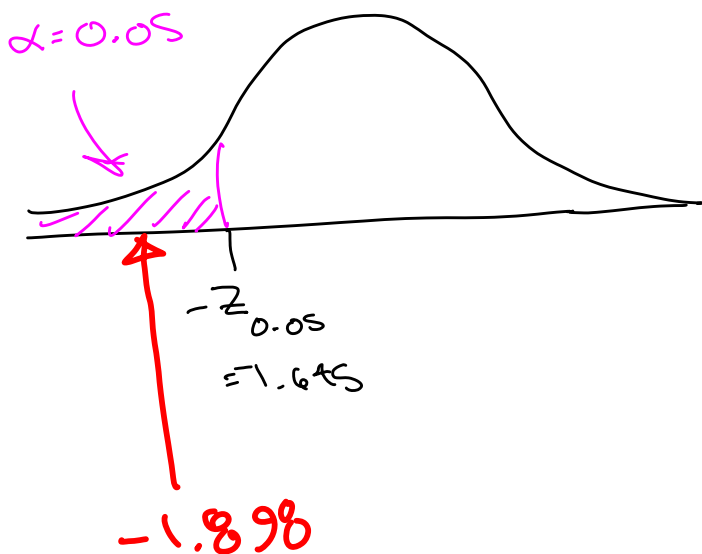
$$\hat{q}_p = 1 - \hat{p}_p = 1 - 0.31775$$
$$= 0.68225$$

Standard error:

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2} &= \sqrt{\hat{p}_P(1-\hat{p}_P) \left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)} \\&= \sqrt{0.31775(0.68225) \left(\frac{1}{2095} + \frac{1}{2119} \right)} \\&= \sqrt{0.31775 * 0.68225 * (1/2095 + 1/2119)} \\&\approx \sqrt{2.05789 \times 10^{-4}} \\&\approx 0.014345\end{aligned}$$

Calculate test statistic:

$$Z = \frac{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2}{\sigma_{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2}} = \frac{0.304 - 0.331}{0.014345} \approx -1.898$$



This falls in rejection region, so we

Reject H_0 .

The sample provides evidence Drug B cures a higher proportion of patients than Drug A.