

## **4.4: Exponential and Logarithmic Equations**

An *exponential equation* is an equation containing  $a^x$  in some form.

A *logarithmic equation* is an equation containing a logarithm.

This section doesn't really contain any new facts, but there are many types of problems, so we'll just do a whole bunch of examples.

If it is possible to write your answer without logarithms, you should do so.  
If this is not possible, write your answer in terms of natural logarithms.

**Example 1:** Solve  $3^x = 9$ .

**Example 2:** Solve  $2^x = 7$ .

**Example 3:** Solve  $6 \cdot 5^{-6x} = 3$ .

**Example 4:** Solve  $2^{7-3x} + 1 = 11$ .

**Example 5:** Solve  $2e^{12x} = 17$ .

**Example 6:** Solve  $e^{9-2x} - 1 = 17$ .

**Example 7:** Solve  $\frac{4}{6-e^{2x}} = -5$ .

**Example 8:** Solve  $e^{2x} + 4e^x = 12$ .

**Example 9:** Solve  $3^{2x+4} = 5$ .

**Example 10:** Solve  $4^x = 5^{2x-7}$ .

Note: When solving equations with logs, there are often many correct ways to write the answer.

So if you feel confident doing a problem, but your answer doesn't match the answer in the key, don't panic. Use the properties of logs to see if your answer can be rearranged to match the author's.

**Example 11:** Solve  $5^{3x-7} = 8^{x+5}$ .

**Example 12:** Solve  $e^x + 3 = 0$ .

**Example 13:** Solve  $\log_2 x = 3$ .

**Example 14:** Solve  $\log x = -5$ .

**Example 15:** Solve  $\log_2(3x-1)-1=4$ .

**Example 16:** Solve  $\log_3(x-5)=2$ .

**Example 17:** Solve  $\log_3 x + \log_3(x+2)=1$ .

**IMPORTANT:** When solving logarithmic equations, you **must** “check” your solutions to make sure that don’t cause the logs in the original equation to be undefined. These extraneous solutions generally happen when you combine separate logs into one log of a product.

Remember, you can’t apply a logarithm to a negative number or zero!!!

**Example 18:** Solve  $\ln(x+2) + \ln(x-4) = \ln 7$ .

**Example 19:** Solve  $\log_2(x^2 - 1) = 3$ .

**Example 20:** Solve  $\log_2(x^2 - x - 2) = 2$ .

**Example 21:** Solve  $\log_3(x+1) - \log_3(x-1) = 2$ .

**Example 22:** Solve  $\log_2(x+5) = 4 + \log_2(x+1)$ .

**Example 23:** Solve  $5^{2x} - 7(5^x) + 12 = 0$ .

**Example 24:** Solve  $(\ln x)^2 + 7 \ln x + 12 = 0$ .

**Example 25:** Solve  $e^{\ln x} = x$ .

**Example 26:** Solve  $\ln e^x = x$ .