This is another method to solve quadratic equations. If the quadratic cannot be factored we have to have something else that will allow us to solve the equation. There are 2 such methods—completing the square and the quadratic formula. The quadratic formula is derived from completing the square on the general equation:  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ 

You MUST memorize the formula: 
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Process:

- 1. Write the equation in standard form:  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
- 2. Identify a, b, and c.
- 3. Substitute numbers into formula.
- 4. Carefully do the arithmetic under the square root sign.
- 5. If possible, simplify the radical.
- 6. If possible, reduce the fraction.

1. 
$$x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0$$
  
2.  $9x^2 - 18x + 7 = 0$ 

3.  $x^2 + 9x + 11 = 3x - 2$ 4. x(x+2) = 6x - 11

5. (3x-2)(x+4) = -7