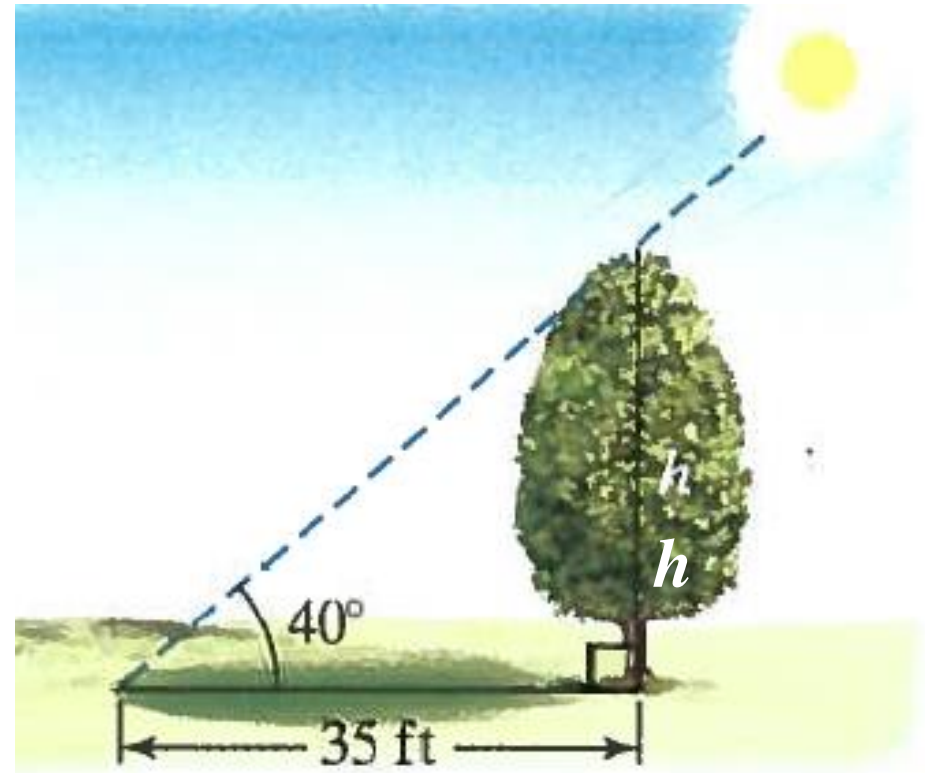


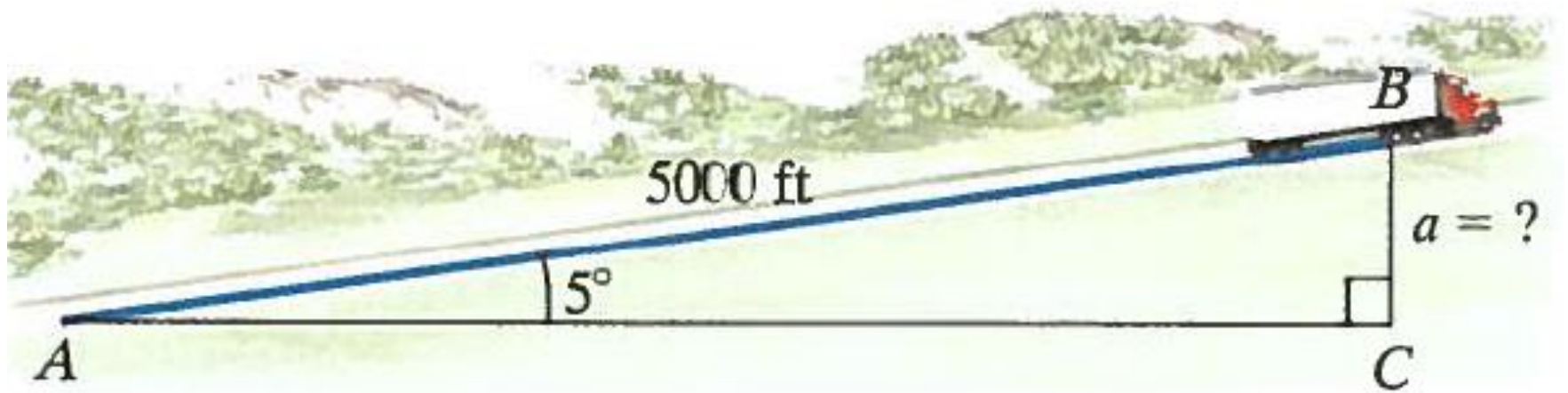
## Applications of Right Triangle Trigonometry:

1. At a certain time of day, the angle of elevation of the Sun is  $40^\circ$ . To the nearest foot, find the height of a tree whose shadow is 35 ft. long.

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 40^\circ &= \frac{h}{35} \Rightarrow h = 35 \tan 40^\circ \\ &= 29.3684... = \boxed{29 \text{ ft}}\end{aligned}$$



2. A road is inclined at an angle of  $5^\circ$ . After driving 5,000 feet along this road, find the driver's increase in altitude to the nearest tenth of a foot.



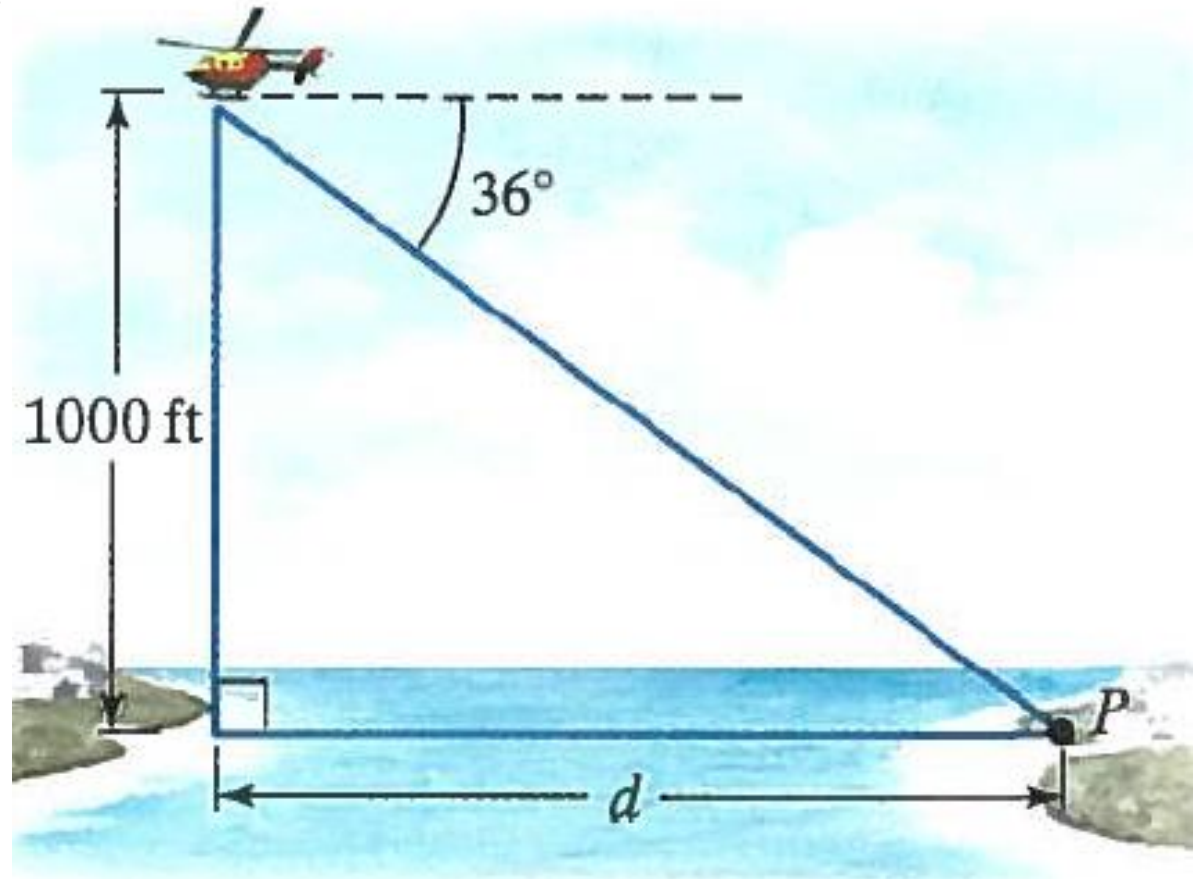
$$\sin 5^\circ = \frac{a}{5,000} \Rightarrow a = 5,000 \sin 5^\circ = 435.7787... = \boxed{435.8 \text{ ft}}$$

3. A helicopter hovers 1,000 feet above a small island. The figure indicates that the angle of depression from the helicopter to point  $P$  is  $36^\circ$ . How far off the coast, to the nearest foot, is the island?

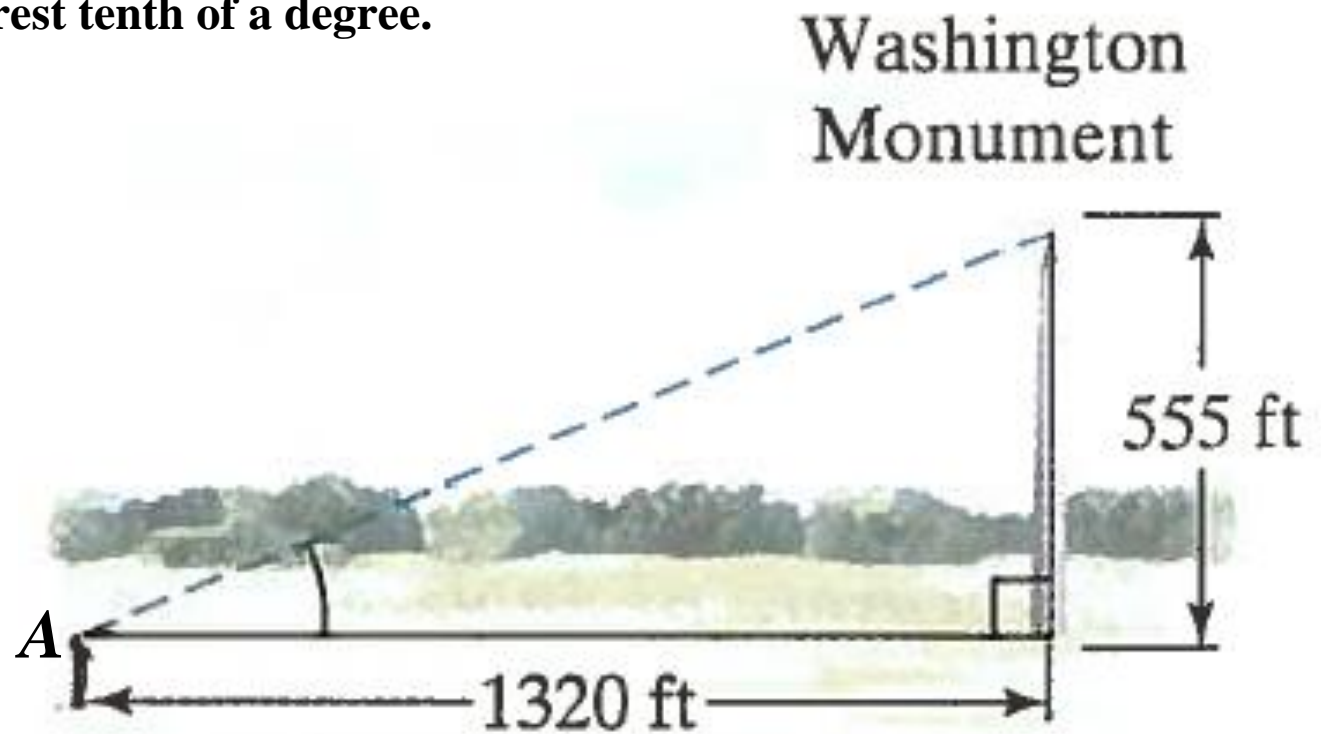
$$\tan(54^\circ) = \frac{d}{1000} \Rightarrow$$

$$d = 1,000 \tan 54^\circ = 1,376.3819\dots$$

$$= \boxed{1,376 \text{ ft}}$$

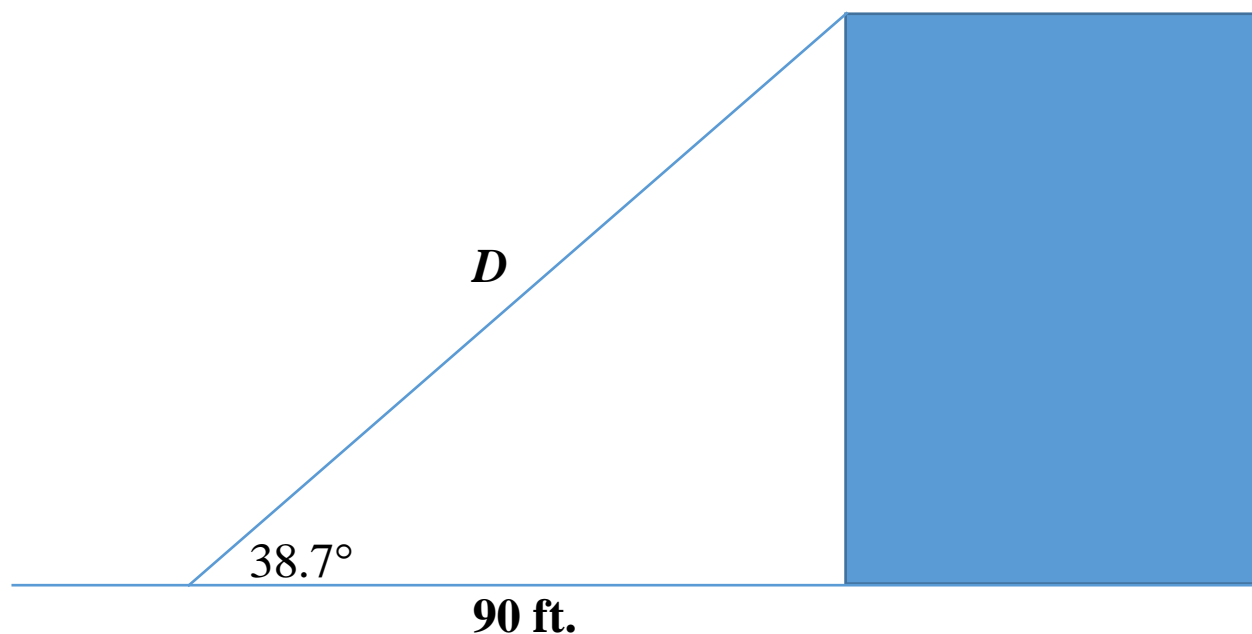


4. The Washington Monument is 555 feet high. If you stand one quarter of a mile, or 1,320 feet, from the base of the monument and look to the top, find the angle of elevation,  $A$ , to the nearest tenth of a degree.



$$\angle A = \tan^{-1} \frac{555}{1,320} = 22.8045... = \boxed{22.8^\circ}$$

5. From a point on level ground 90 feet from the base of a building, the angle of elevation to the top of the building is  $38.7^\circ$ . Find the distance from the point on the ground to the top of the building to the nearest foot.



$$\cos 38.7^\circ = \frac{90}{D} \Rightarrow D = \frac{90}{\cos 38.7^\circ} = 115.3209... = \boxed{115 \text{ ft}}$$