

E.g. A Rocket Launch.

A rocket is launched so that it rises vertically. A camera is positioned 5000 ft from the launch pad. When the rocket is 1000 ft above the launch pad, its velocity is 600 ft/sec. Rate of change of the camera's angle with the horizontal at that point = ?

Oct 10-4:55 PM

x = distance from rocket to launch pad.
 θ = camera's angle.

$\tan \theta = \frac{x}{5000}$; $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = ?$; $\frac{dx}{dt} = 600$; $x = 1000$

Oct 10-5:00 PM

$\tan \theta = \frac{x}{5000}$

$\frac{d}{dt}(\tan \theta) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{x}{5000}\right)$ When $x = 1000$ ft, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 600$ ft/sec

$\sec^2 \theta \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5000} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$

$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5000 \sec^2 \theta} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$

$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5000 \cdot \frac{26}{25}} \cdot 600$

$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{5000 \cdot \frac{26}{25}} \cdot 600$ calculator $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{3}{26}$

Oct 10-5:03 PM

Water is pumped into the tank at the rate of $2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$.

Find the rate at which the water level is rising when the water is 3 m deep.

Water tank (inverted circular cone)
 base radius = 2m
 height = 4m

① height of water: h
 Volume of water: V
 Radius: R

② Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}$ (base area) (height)
 $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi R^2 \cdot h$

Oct 10-5:09 PM

$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi R^2 \cdot h$ (*)

$\frac{dV}{dt} = 2$. Find $\frac{dh}{dt} = ?$ when $h = 3$.

* Solve for R in terms of h to reduce the equation to an equation with V and h only.

$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{R}{h}$
 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{R}{h}$
 $R = \frac{h}{2}$

Oct 10-5:15 PM

$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h$

$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \frac{h^2}{4} \cdot h = \frac{\pi}{12} h^3$

$V = \frac{\pi}{12} h^3$

$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{12} \cdot 3h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$

$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{\frac{dV}{dt}}{\frac{\pi}{4} h^2}$

$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{2}{\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 9} = \frac{8}{9\pi}$

Oct 10-5:19 PM