

FTC, part 1

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt \right)$$

FTC 1

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_a^{u(x)} f(t) \, dt \right) = f(u(x)) \cdot u'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt + \int_{1+2x}^{1-2x} t \sin t \, dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt - \int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left(- \int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt \right)$$

$$= - \frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{1-2x}^{1+2x} t \sin t \, dt \right)$$

$$= - \left((1-2x) \sin(1-2x) \cdot (-2) + (1+2x) \sin(1+2x) \cdot 2 \right)$$

$$= 2(1-2x) \sin(1-2x) + 2(1+2x) \sin(1+2x)$$

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Average value of f over $[a, b]$ $= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) \, dx$

Ex: $v(t) = t^2 - t - 6$. ① Find displacement. $0 \leq t \leq 5$

② Find the distance traveled $0 \leq t \leq 5$.

Displacement: $\int_0^5 (t^2 - t - 6) \, dt = \left(\frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{t^2}{2} - 6t \right) \Big|_0^5$

$$= \frac{125}{3} - \frac{25}{2} - 30$$

Distance = $\int_0^5 |t^2 - t - 6| \, dt$

$t^2 - t - 6 = 0$; $(t-3)(t+2) = 0$
 $t = 3$; $t = -2$

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t

$\int_0^5 |t^2 - t - 6| \, dt = \int_0^3 -(t^2 - t - 6) \, dt + \int_3^5 (t^2 - t - 6) \, dt$

$$= \left(-\frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{t^2}{2} + 6t \right) \Big|_0^3 + \left(\frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{t^2}{2} - 6t \right) \Big|_3^5$$

$$= \dots$$

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Right & Left Riemann Sums

$f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$ on $[0, 2]$

R_4

$\Delta x = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

$R_4 = \left(f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + f(1) + f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + f(2) \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

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