

Graphs of logarithmic functions

- Goals:
- ① Domain of a logarithmic function.
  - ② Graph a logarithmic function using translation of a parent function. V

Sep 12-6:37 PM

Domain of a logarithmic function

$$f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad \text{Domain: } (0, \infty)$$

$$f(x) = \log_b(\frac{x-6}{x+6}) \quad \text{Domain: } (6, \infty)$$

$$\frac{x-6}{x+6} > 0$$

$$x-6 > 0 \quad x > 6$$

In general,  $f(x) = \log_b(\boxed{\text{Stuff}})$

To find the domain, we solve the inequality  
 $\text{Stuff} > 0$

Sep 12-6:42 PM

Ex.  $f(x) = \log_6(5-2x)$

Find the domain of  $f$ ?

$$5-2x > 0 \quad \frac{5}{2} > x \quad (-\infty, \frac{5}{2}).$$

Ex.  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 5x + 6)$

To find the domain: Solve  $(x^2 + 5x + 6) > 0$

$$(x+3)(x+2) > 0$$

Sep 12-6:46 PM

$$\begin{aligned} & \overline{(x+2)(x+3) > 0} \quad [-2, \infty) \\ & \textcircled{1} \quad \overline{x+2 > 0; x+3 > 0} \quad \begin{array}{c} x > -2 \\ x > -3 \end{array} \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, \infty) \\ & \textcircled{2} \quad \overline{x+2 < 0; x+3 < 0} \quad \begin{array}{c} x < -2 \\ x < -3 \end{array} \quad (-\infty, -3) \\ & \text{Domain: } (-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, \infty) \\ & \text{Solve: } (x+2)(x+3) > 0 \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (-2, \infty) \end{aligned}$$

Sep 12-6:52 PM

Graph Logarithmic Functions

Parent function  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$ .

Characteristics of the graph of  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$

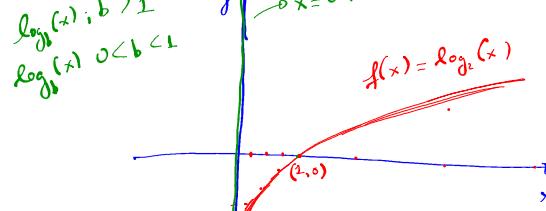
E.g.  $f(x) = \log_2(x)$

x	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	4	8
$f(x)$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3

Sep 12-7:04 PM

$$\log_b(x); b > 1 \quad \text{---} \quad x=0: \text{V.A.}$$

$$\log_b(x); 0 < b < 1$$



$$f(x) = \log_b(x); \quad b \neq 0; \quad b > 0; \quad b \neq 1$$

Characteristics of graph:

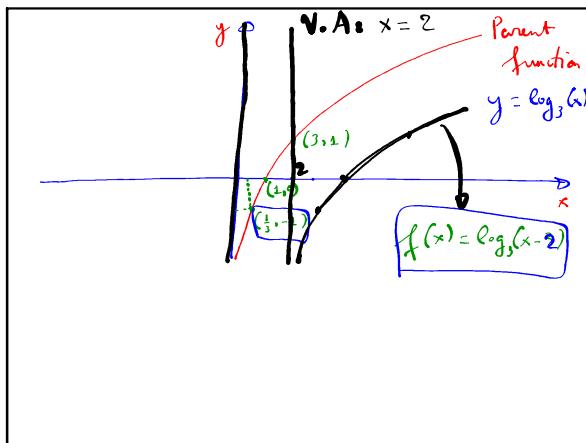
Sep 12-7:13 PM

- (1) Vertical Asymptote:  $x = 0$
- (2) Domain:  $(0, \infty)$
- (3) Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- (4)  $x$ -intercept:  $(1, 0)$
- (5) One key point:  $(b, 1)$
- (6) No  $y$ -int
- (7)  $b > 1$ :  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$  is increasing.
- (8)  $0 < b < 1$ :  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$  is decreasing.

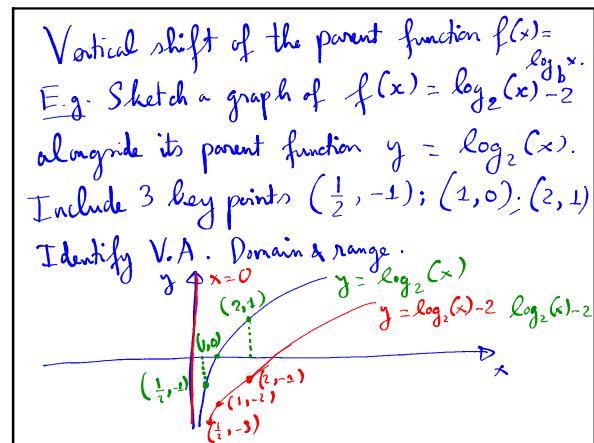
Sep 12-7:19 PM

- (1) Graph a Horizontal shift of  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$
- Rule for horizontal shift
- E.g. Sketch the horizontal shift  $f(x) = \log_3(x-2)$  alongside its parent function. Include the key points  $(\frac{1}{3}, -1)$ ;  $(1, 0)$ ;  $(3, 1)$  of the parent function.
- Find the V.A., domain & range.
- Parent Function  $\log_3(x)$

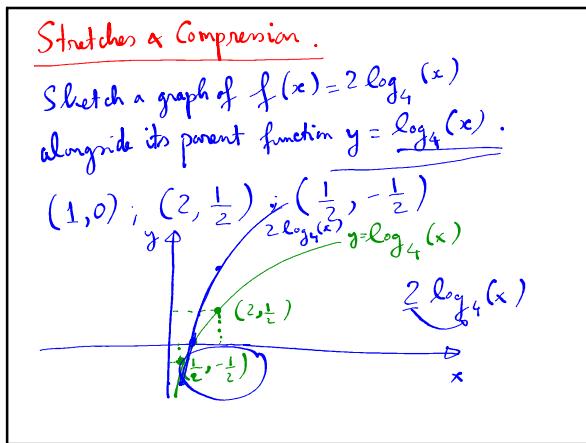
Sep 12-7:22 PM



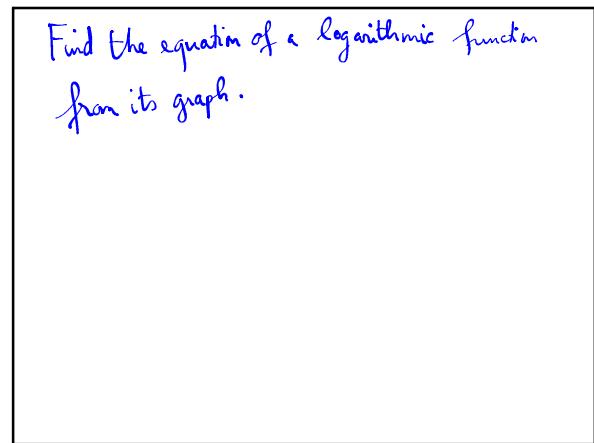
Sep 12-7:27 PM



Sep 12-7:31 PM



Sep 12-7:38 PM



Sep 12-7:48 PM