

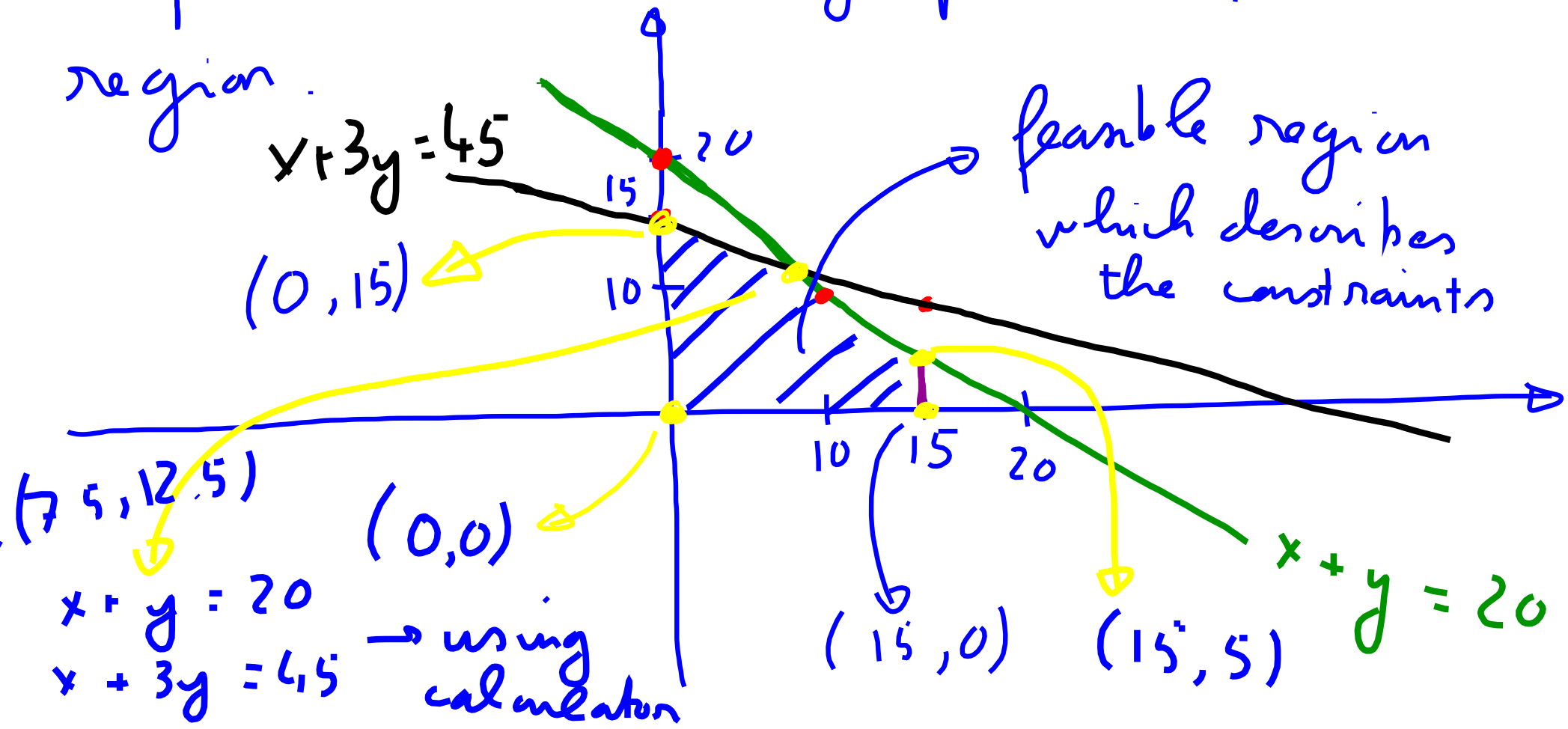
5.3. linear Programming in 2 dimensions.

Goal: Solve linear programming problems.

Shi manufacturer problem

In previous section, we graph the feasible region.

$x + 3y = 45$ 20 feasible region



Profit for each trick shi : \$ 5

Profit for each slalom shi : \$ 10

$$\text{Total profit} = 5x + 10y$$

$$z = 5x + 10y$$

Goal: Maximize the profit $z = 5x + 10y$.

① Find corner points of the feasible region.

② Plug corner points into profit function to determine the optimal solution.

Corner points	Profit $z = 5x + 10y$
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$(0, 0)$	→ 0
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$(15, 0)$	→ 75
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$(15, 5)$	→ 125
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$(0, 15)$	→ 150
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$(7.5, 12.5)$	→ 162.5
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$x = 7.5$
 $y = 12.5$ } Round down we can't exceed the bdy

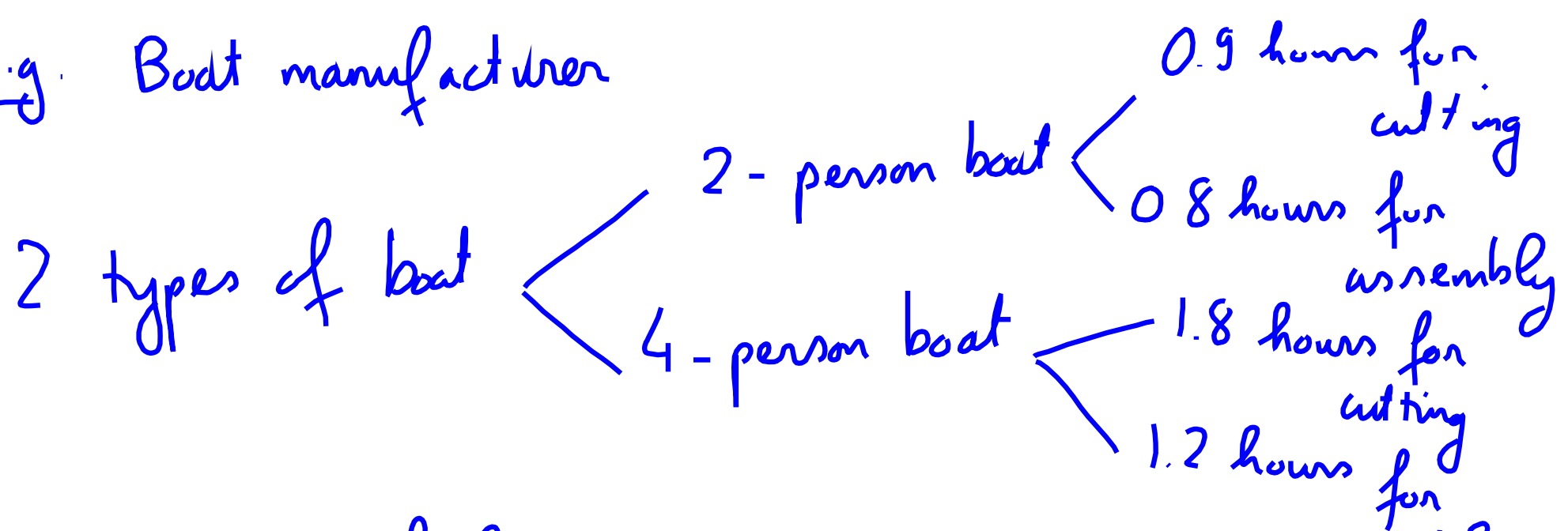
Optimal solution

$x = 7$
$y = 12$

Process of using the linear programming technique to find optimal solution.

- ① Find the objective function.
(In the example, it is the profit $Z = 5x + 10y$)
- ② Find the inequalities that describe the constraints
- ③ Graph the feasible region.
- ④ Find corner points of the feasible region.
- ⑤ Plug the corner points into the objective function to determine the optimal solution.

E.g. Boat manufacturer



Maximum # of hours for cutting department is 864
assembly 672

Profit for each 2-person boat : \$25

4-person — : \$40

How many boats of each type to produce to maximize profit.

① Objective function:

$$Z = 25x + 40y$$

② Constraints:

$$x \geq 0 ; y \geq 0$$

$$0.9x + 1.8y \leq 864$$

$$0.8x + 1.2y \leq 672$$

③ Graph feasible region

$$1.8y \leq 864 - 0.9x$$

$$y \leq \frac{864}{1.8} - \frac{0.9}{1.8}x$$

$$y \leq \frac{672}{1.2} - \frac{0.8}{1.2}x$$

Input to calculator

④ Corner points	Objective function $z = 25x + 40y$
$(0, 0)$	0
$(0, 480)$	19 200
$(840, 0)$	21 000
$(480, 240)$	21 600 $\rightarrow$ max profit $x = 480$ $y = 240$