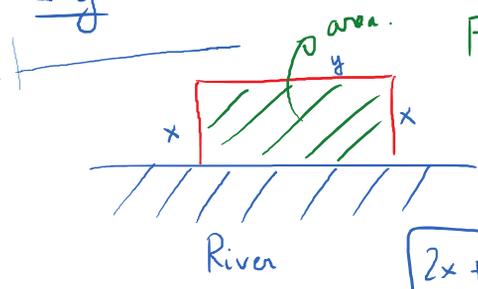


4.7. Optimization Problems

Monday, August 7, 2017 7:39 AM

E.g. Farmer has 2400 ft of fencing.



Find dimensions of rectangle s.t.

area is maximized

length = y ; width = x

Area = xy ← maximize

$2x + y = 2400$; $y = 2400 - 2x$

Area = $A(x) = x \cdot (2400 - 2x)$ ← function of 1 variable.

$x \geq 0$; $x \leq 2400$ ft.

Interval for x : $[0, 2400]$

Restate: Maximize of $A(x) = x \cdot (2400 - 2x)$ over $[0, 2400]$

① Find $A'(x)$ and critical points

$A(x) = 2400x - 2x^2$

$A'(x) = 2400 - 4x = 0$; $x = 600$ ← critical point

② $A(0) = 0$

$A(600) = 600 \cdot (2400 - 1200) = 600 \cdot 1200 = 720000$

$A(2400) = 2400(2400 - 4800) \leq 0$

When $x = 600$, $A(x)$ is max over the interval $[0, 2400]$

$2x + y = 2400$

$1200 + y = 2400$. $y = 1200$

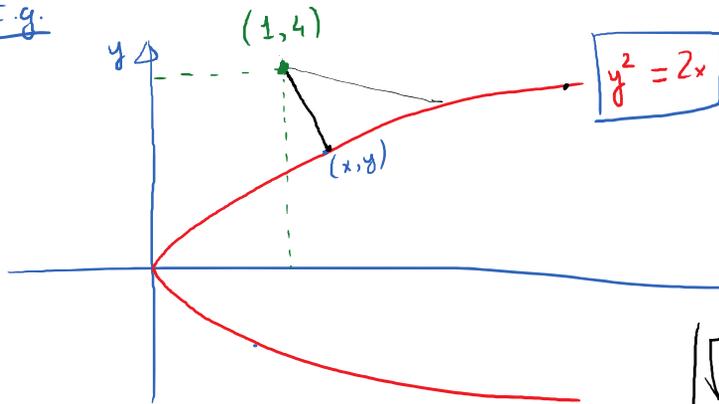
Dimensions to maximize area: $x = 600$; $y = 1200$

Dimensions to maximize area: $x = \dots, y = \dots$

Strategy for solving optimization problems.

- ① Understand the problem $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{given.} \\ \text{want.} \end{array} \right.$
- ② Draw a diagram
- ③ Introduce notation $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Quantity to maximize or minimize. } Q \\ \text{Unknowns (quantities related to } Q) \end{array} \right.$
- ④ Find an equation that relates Q to the unknown.
- ⑤ Turn Q into a function of a single variable.
- ⑥ Find the constraint on the variable $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{closed interval method.} \\ \text{First derivative test.} \end{array} \right.$

F.g.



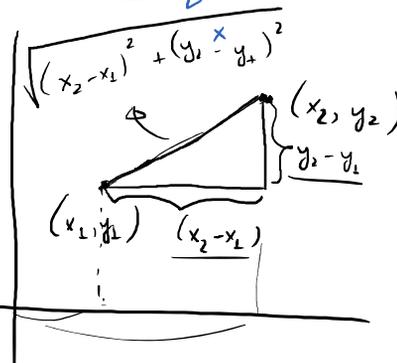
Find a point (x, y) on this parabola that is closest to the given point $(1, 4)$

D : distance \leftarrow minimize

$$D = \sqrt{(x-1)^2 + (y-4)^2}$$

$$y^2 = 2x ; x = \frac{y^2}{2} \quad \leftarrow \text{minimize.}$$

$$D(y) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{y^2}{2} - 1\right)^2 + (y-4)^2} \quad \leftarrow \text{minimize}$$



y belongs to $(-\infty, \infty)$

Trick: to minimize $\sqrt{\quad}$; we just need to minimize the thing under the $\sqrt{\quad}$

$$d(y) = \left(\frac{y^2}{2} - 1\right)^2 + (y-4)^2; \quad y \text{ is in } (-\infty, \infty)$$

Can't use closed interval method \rightarrow first derivative test.

$$d'(y) = 2\left(\frac{y^2}{2} - 1\right) \cdot y + 2(y-4)$$

$$d'(y) = (y^2 - 2) \cdot y + 2y - 8 = y^3 - 2y + 2y - 8$$

$$d'(y) = y^3 - 8$$

Find critical points: $y^3 - 8 = 0; \quad y = 2$

Make table

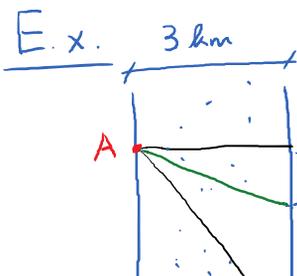
y	$-\infty$	1	2	3	∞
$d'(y)$		$-$		$+$	
$d(y)$					

\swarrow local min \rightarrow absolute min

$d(y)$ is minimized when $y = 2$.

$$y^2 = 2x; \quad 4 = 2x; \quad x = 2$$

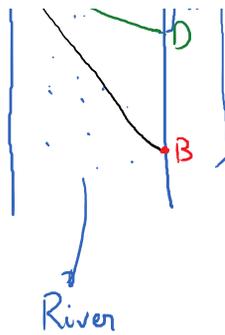
Point on parabola that is closest to $(1, 4)$ is $\boxed{(2, 2)}$



Man launches his boat from A.

Want to reach B.

He could row at a speed of $\boxed{6 \text{ km/h}}$
 at a speed of $\boxed{8 \text{ km/h}}$

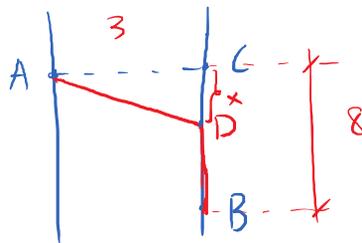


He could row at a speed of 6 km/h
 He could run at a speed of 8 km/h

Q: Find the point D on the other side of the river s.t. the time it takes for him to reach B is the shortest.

(Find x s.t. the time to get from A to D to B is the shortest)

Total time to go from A to D and run from D to B



Time it takes to row from A to D:

$$\frac{\text{distance} = AD}{\text{Speed}} = \frac{\sqrt{9+x^2}}{6}$$

Time it takes to run from D to B:

$$\frac{\text{distance} = BD}{\text{Speed}} = \frac{8-x}{8}$$

Total time:

$$T(x) = \frac{\sqrt{9+x^2}}{6} + \frac{8-x}{8}$$

Find x s.t. $T(x)$ is minimized.

(constraint on x : $[0, 8]$)

→ closed interval method

$$T'(x) = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{9+x^2}} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{x}{6\sqrt{9+x^2}} - \frac{1}{8}$$

Find critical points:

$$T'(x) = 0 : \frac{x}{6\sqrt{9+x^2}} - \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{6\sqrt{9+x^2}} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{x}{6\sqrt{9+x^2}} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{6\sqrt{9+x^2}}{8} = \frac{3\sqrt{9+x^2}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{3\sqrt{9+x^2}}{4}$$

$$4x = 3\sqrt{9+x^2}$$

$$(4x)^2 = (3\sqrt{9+x^2})^2$$

$$16x^2 = 9 \cdot (9+x^2)$$

$$16x^2 = 81 + 9x^2$$

$$7x^2 = 81$$

$$x^2 = \frac{81}{7} ; x = \sqrt{\frac{81}{7}} = \boxed{\frac{9}{\sqrt{7}}}$$

x is in $[0, 8]$

critical point.

$$T(0) = 1.5$$

$$T(8) = \dots$$

$$T\left(\frac{9}{\sqrt{7}}\right) = \dots \rightarrow \text{smallest \#}$$

$$x = \frac{9}{\sqrt{7}}$$