

E.g. Draw 2 cards from a 52 card deck without replacement.

Q: Probability that we get 2 clubs in succession.

C_1 = get a club in the 1st draw

C_2 = get a club in the 2nd draw

$$P(C_1 \cap C_2) = \underbrace{P(C_2 | C_1)}_{\frac{12}{51}} \cdot \underbrace{P(C_1)}_{\frac{13}{52}}$$

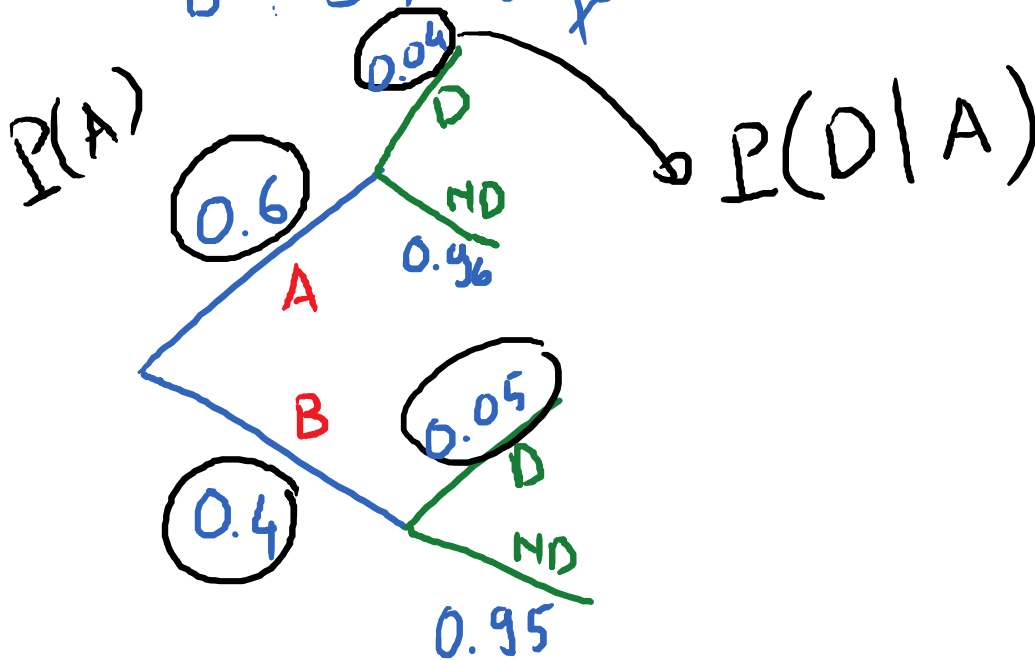
$$= \frac{12}{51} \cdot \frac{13}{52} = \frac{4}{17} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{17}$$

E.g.

2 machines $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A: \text{produces } 60\% \text{ of products} \\ B: \text{produces } 40\% \text{ of products.} \end{array} \right.$

A: 4% defective rate.

B: 5% defective rate.



Q1: If we randomly select a product, then find the probability that it is produced by A and it is defective.

Q2: Replace A by B

Q3: Find the probability that a randomly selected product is defective.

Q1: $P(A \cap D) = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} P(A \cap D) &= P(A) \cdot P(D|A) \\ &= (0.6) \cdot (0.04) = 0.024 \end{aligned}$$

Q2: $P(B \cap D) = (0.4) \cdot (0.05) = 0.02$

Q3: $P(D) = P(A \cap D) + P(B \cap D)$
 $= 0.024 + 0.02 = 0.044$

Independent Events

Events A and B are independent if:

① $P(B|A) = P(B)$

② $P(A|B) = P(A)$

Since $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A)$,

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

E.g. Toss a coin and roll a dice.

A = event that we get a H.

B = event that we get a 4

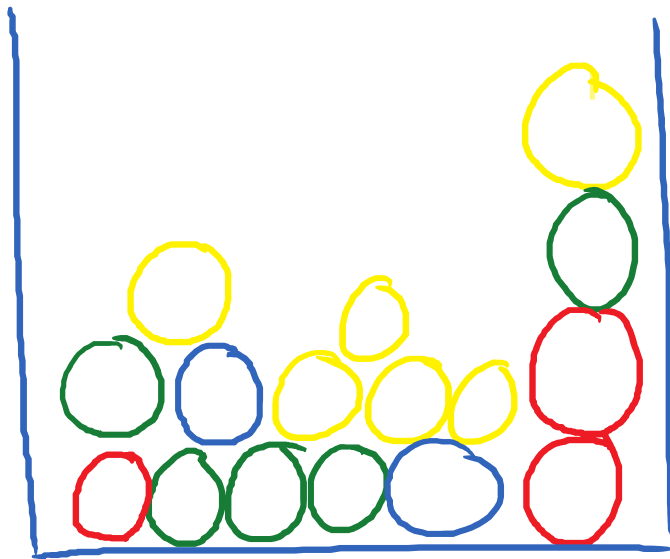
$$P(A) = \frac{1}{2} ; P(B) = \frac{1}{6}$$

A and B are independent.

$$\text{So } P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$$

E.g. Experiment:

A jar contains 3 red, 5 green, 2 blue and 6 yellow marbles



Randomly pick a marble from the jar.

Replace it in the jar.

Q: Find the probability of choosing a green and a yellow marble.

$$P(G) = \frac{5}{16}; P(Y) = \frac{6}{16}$$

$$\rightarrow G \text{ and } Y \text{ are independent} \rightarrow P(G \cap Y) = \frac{5}{16} \cdot \frac{6}{16}$$

Dependent Events:

A and B are dependent if they are not independent

E.g. Draw 2 cards in succession from a standard deck without replacement.

Find the probability that I get 2 kings.

$$\frac{4}{52} \cdot \frac{3}{51} = \frac{1}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{17} = \frac{1}{221}.$$