

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \quad 8x_1 + 9x_2 = 117 \\ \quad 4x_1 + 6x_2 = 66 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 9 \\ 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 117 \\ 66 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{2} \quad \# \text{ of machines model A: } x \\ \quad \text{B: } y \\ \quad \text{C: } z \\ \quad 3.2x + 5.4y + 2.2z = 303 \rightarrow \text{electronic work} \\ \quad 2.8x + 2.4y + 5.8z = 393 \rightarrow \text{assembly} \\ \quad 4.4x + 3.4y + 4.8z = 416 \rightarrow \text{quality assurance} \end{array}$$

We can solve this system using the TI-calculator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Solution: } x &= 30 \\ y &= 20 \\ z &= 45 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\textcircled{5} \quad x_1 + x_2 \leq 87$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 \leq 189$$

$$\text{Maximize } z = 2x_1 + x_2$$

Slack variables:

$$x_1 + x_2 + s_1 = 87$$

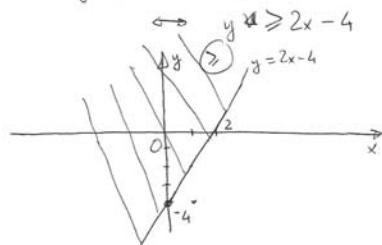
$$3x_1 + x_2 + s_2 = 189$$

$$-2x_1 - x_2 + s_3 = 0$$

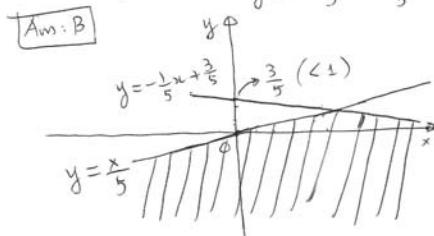
$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & s_1 & s_2 & z \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \left| \begin{array}{c} 87 \\ 189 \\ 0 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$\textcircled{3} \quad 4x - 2y \leq 8 \rightarrow -2y \leq -4x + 8$$



$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{4} \quad x \geq 5y \rightarrow y \leq \frac{x}{5} \\ \quad x + 5y \leq 3 \rightarrow y \leq -\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{3}{5} \end{array}$$



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\textcircled{6} enter

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc|c} & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & s_1 & s_2 & z \\ \text{exit} & \textcircled{2} & 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 48 \\ s_1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 32 \\ s_2 & -1 & -3 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

To pivot once around 2, we need to turn 2 to 1 first, then turn everything else in that column into zeros.

The operations needed are

$$\textcircled{1} \quad R_1 \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad R_2 \longleftrightarrow -2R_1 + R_2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad R_3 \longleftrightarrow R_1 + R_3$$

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⑥ (Cont) After implementing these operations using the calculator, we obtained the matrix (Note that the labels are updated as well)

$$\begin{array}{l} x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad A_1 \quad A_2 \quad 3 \\ \hline 1 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad 2 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad | \quad 24 \\ A_2 \quad 0 \quad 3 \quad -3 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad | \quad -16 \\ 3 \quad 0 \quad -5/2 \quad 0 \quad 1/2 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad | \quad 24 \end{array}$$

From the last column and the label, we get

$$x_1 = 24, \quad A_2 = -16, \quad 3 = 24.$$

Since x_2, x_3, A_1 do not appear on the left column

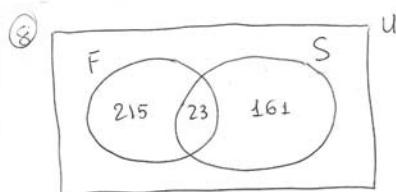
$$x_2 = x_3 = A_1 = 0$$



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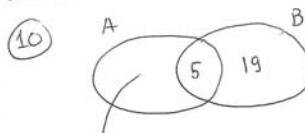
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From the Venn Diagram, # of students who take Finite Math but not Statistics is:

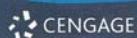
$$215.$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad n(A \cap C) = 2 + 8 = 10$$



$$\textcircled{10} \quad \text{So, } n(A) = 5 + 5 = 23$$

$$? = 42 - 5 - 19 = 18.$$



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⑦ Initial Matrix is:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 22 & 15 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Take transpose:

$$A^T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 22 \\ 2 & 1 & 15 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

→ dual problem:

$$\text{Maximize } P = 3y_1 + 2y_2$$

$$\text{Subject to: } y_1 + y_2 \leq 22$$

$$2y_1 + y_2 \leq 15$$

$$y_1, y_2 \geq 0$$



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$$\textcircled{11} \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 25 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{So, } x = -3, \quad y = 4$$

\textcircled{12} Objective function:

$$\text{Minimize cost } C = 8500x_1 + 9500x_2$$

Constraints:

$$3500x_1 + 2500x_2 \geq 8000 \quad (\text{plain ramen})$$

$$6500x_1 + 2000x_2 \geq 9000 \quad (\text{ramen with mushroom})$$

$$3000x_1 + 1500x_2 \geq 6000 \quad (\text{hot spicy ramen})$$

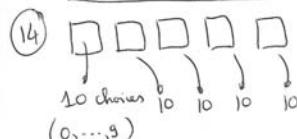


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(13) $A \cup B = \{j, n, c, i, e, r\}$



of different codes available: 10^5 .

(15) Objective function

$$\text{Maximize Profit } P = 20x_1 + 30x_2 + 40x_3$$

$$\text{Constraints: } x_1 \leq 100$$

$$5x_1 + 10x_2 + 15x_3 \leq 2000$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

→ Introduce slack variables s_1, s_2 .



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(15) Cont.

$$x_1 + s_1 = 100$$

$$5x_1 + 10x_2 + 15x_3 + s_2 = 2000$$

$$-20x_1 - 30x_2 - 40x_3 + P = 0$$

Simplex tableau: pivot element

x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	P
1	0	0	1	0	0
5	10	15	0	1	2000
-20	-30	-40	0	0	0

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ pivoting: } R_2 \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{15}R_2$$

$$R_3 \leftrightarrow R_3 + 40R_2$$

We get pivot element

exit	x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	P
$\cancel{s_2}$	1	0	0	1	0	0
$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{15}$	$\frac{400}{3}$
$\cancel{x_3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{15}$	1	$\frac{16000}{3}$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ pivoting: } R_2 \leftrightarrow -\frac{1}{3}R_1 + R_2$$

$$R_3 \leftrightarrow \frac{20}{3}R_1 + R_3$$

x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	P
1	0	0	1	0	100
0	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{15}$	100
0	$-\frac{10}{3}$	0	$\frac{20}{3}$	$\frac{8}{3}$	6000

3rd pivoting pivot

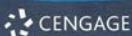
$$R_2 \leftrightarrow \frac{3}{2}R_2; R_3 \leftrightarrow \frac{10}{3}R_2 + R_3$$

We get

x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	P
1	0	0	1	0	100
0	$\frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	0	150
0	0	5	5	1	6500

Solution: Max P = 6500

when $x_1 = 100, x_2 = 150, x_3 = 0$



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(16)

Initial Matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 34 \\ 2 & 5 & 43 \\ 6 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 34 & 43 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Dual problem

$$\text{Maximize } 34y_1 + 43y_2 = P$$

$$3y_1 + 2y_2 \leq 6$$

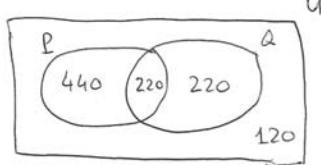
$$2y_1 + 5y_2 \leq 3$$



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(17)



From Venn Diagram, # of people who use P and not Q: 440.

