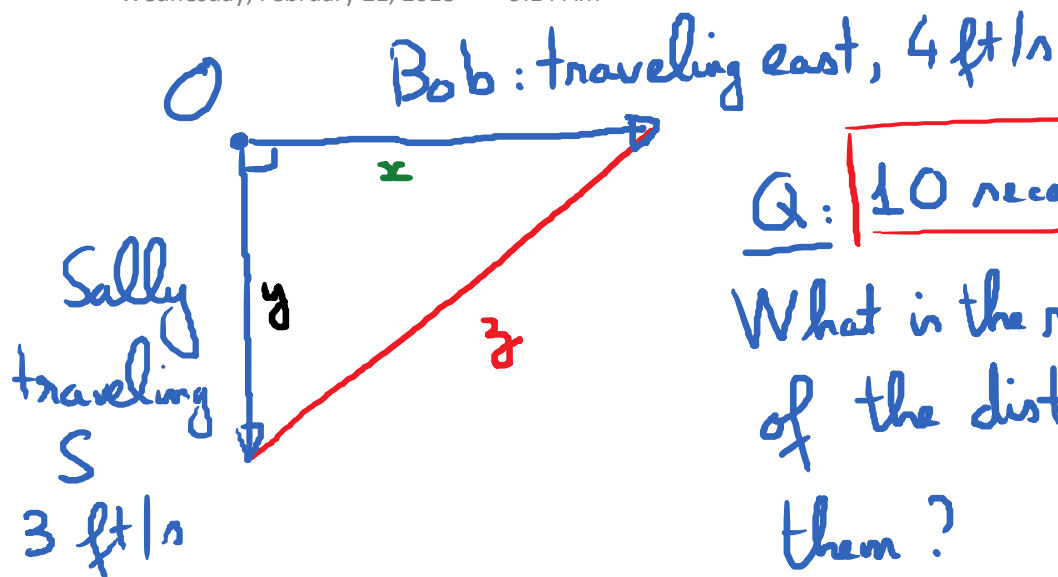


## 4.1. Related Rates

Wednesday, February 21, 2018

9:14 AM



Q: 10 second later

What is the rate of change of the distance between them?

$x$  : distance from Bob to O.  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 4 \text{ ft/s}$

$y$  : distance from Sally to O.  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3 \text{ ft/s}$

$z$  : distance between them

Q: Find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ ?

By Pythagorean Theorem:

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

→ Take derivative of both sides with respect to  $t$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(x^2 + y^2) = \frac{d}{dt}(z^2)$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

40  $\xrightarrow{4}$   $\frac{dx}{dt}$   $\xrightarrow{3}$   $\frac{dy}{dt}$   $\xrightarrow{?}$   $\frac{dz}{dt}$

$\sqrt{(40)^2 + (30)^2} = 50$

$$40 \cdot 4 + 30 \cdot 3 = 50 \cdot \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{250}{50} = 5 \text{ ft/s}$$

## Related Rates Problems

- ① 2 or more quantities involved. All the quantities are changing with respect to time.
- ② These quantities are related by an equation or a set of equations

- ③ Know (given) the rate of change w.r.t. time of all but one quantity.
  - ④ Find the rate of change of the remaining quantity.
- 

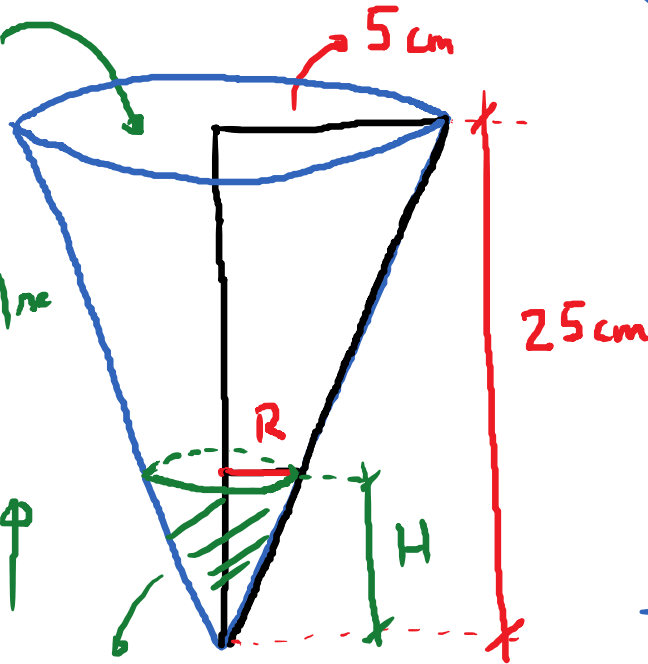
Approach .

- ① Identify the changing quantities.
- ② Name them using variables such as  $x, y, z, \dots$   
→ Keep in mind that all these are functions of  $t$ .
- ③ Use geometry, etc. to find an equation or set of equations that relate them.
- ④ Differentiate the equation with respect to  $t$ .
- ⑤ Plug in the given information.

HW #4

water is poured at rate  $10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

water level is rising



Changing quantities:

Volume of water:  $V$

Radius:  $R$

Height of water:  $H$

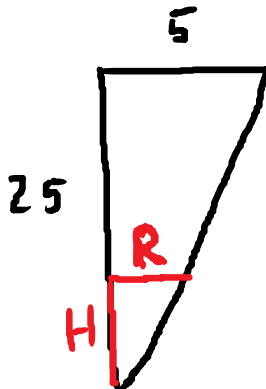
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

Find  $\frac{dH}{dt} = ?$

$$V = \frac{\pi R^2 \cdot H}{3}$$

Take  $\frac{d}{dt}$  .  $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{d}{dt} (R^2 \cdot H)$

$$10 = \frac{\pi}{3} \cdot \left( 2R \frac{dR}{dt} H + R^2 \frac{dH}{dt} \right)$$



$$\frac{5}{25} = \frac{R}{H} \rightarrow R = \frac{1}{5} H$$

When  $H = 2$ ,  $R = \frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{dH}{dt}$$

$$10 = \frac{\pi}{3} \cdot \left( 2 \cdot \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{dH}{dt} \right) \cdot 2 + \left( \frac{2}{5} \right)^2 \left( \frac{dH}{dt} \right) \right)$$

$$10 = \frac{\pi}{3} \left( \frac{8}{25} \frac{dH}{dt} + \frac{4}{25} \frac{dH}{dt} \right)$$

$$10 = \frac{\pi}{3} \cdot \left( \frac{12}{25} \right) \frac{dH}{dt} \implies \frac{dH}{dt} = \dots$$