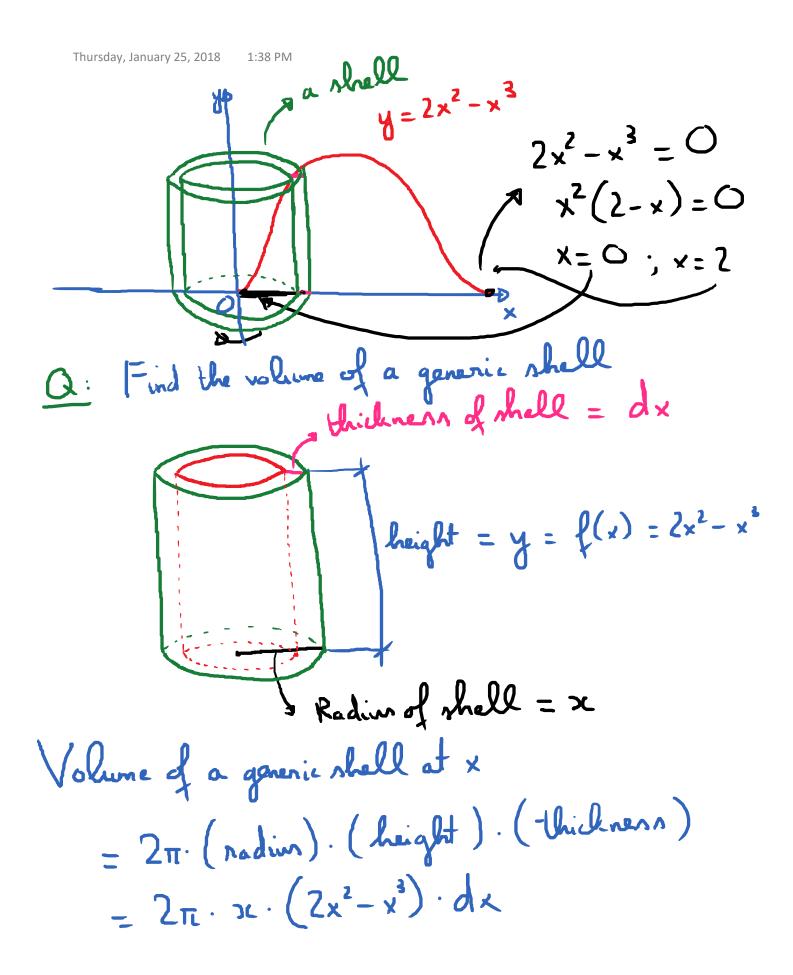




Mote: For disk / worker method, the cross-sections are perpendicular to the axis of revolution. $\frac{y}{y} = 2x^2 - x^3$ E.g. Rotate the region bounded by $y = 2x^2 - x^3$ and x-axin about the y-axis. _____ obtain solid. Q: Find the volume of solid. Gross-sectional area = Tr. (outer radius) -Tt. (inner rudius)2 - this is very hand to do ble formular for outer and inner radius are very complicated. - Shell method will make things easier.



Volume of object = Sum of volumes of shells

$$= \int_{0}^{2} 2\pi \cdot x \cdot (2x^{2} - x^{3}) \cdot dx$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \int_{0}^{2} (2x^{3} - x^{4}) dx$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \left(2 \cdot \frac{x^{4}}{4} - \frac{x^{5}}{5}\right) \Big|_{0}^{2}$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \left(2 \cdot \frac{16}{4} - \frac{32}{5}\right)$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \left(8 - \frac{32}{5}\right) = \left|\frac{16\pi}{5}\right|$$

