

### 3.1. Definition of the Derivative

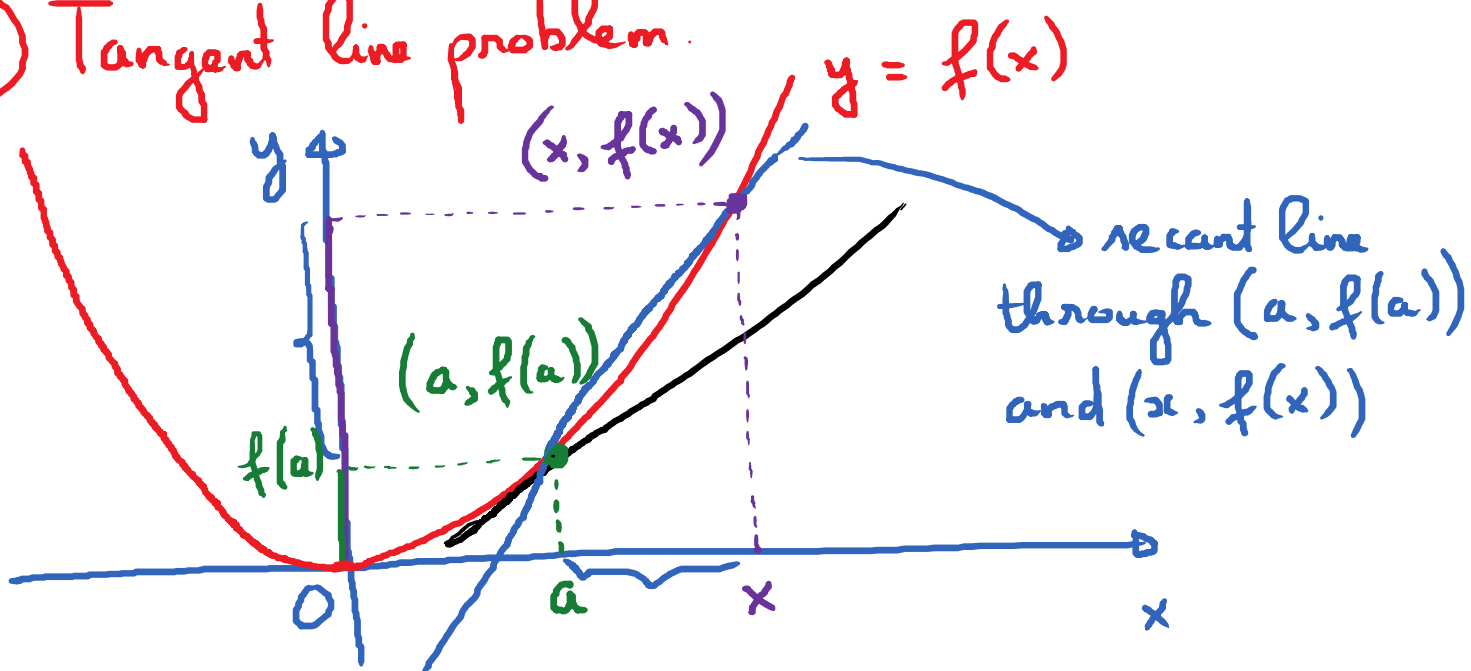
Tuesday, July 17, 2018 7:28 AM

Goals: ① Develop and apply the formula to calculate the slope of the tangent line to graph  $y = f(x)$  at a given point

② Definition of the derivative of a function at a given point

③ Calculate the derivative using this definition.

① Tangent line problem.



Slope of the secant line:

$$m_{\text{sec}} = \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

So, the slope of the tangent line  $m_{\text{tangent}}$  is

$$m_{\text{tangent}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} m_{\text{sec}}.$$

So,  $m_{\text{tangent}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$  (I)

This formula gives you the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = f(x)$  at the point  $(a, f(a))$ .

E.g.  $f(x) = x^2$ .

(a) Find the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f$  at the point  $(3, 9)$ .

$a$   $f(a)$

(b) Write the point-slope and the slope-intercept equation of the tangent line at  $(3, 9)$

Sol: (a)  $m_{\text{tangent}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3} \quad \left( \frac{0}{0} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\cancel{(x-3)}(x+3)}{\cancel{x-3}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x+3) = \boxed{6}$$

$(x_0, y_0)$

$m = \text{slope}$

(b) Point - Slope Equation:

$$y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

$$m = 6 ; (x_0, y_0) = (3, 9)$$

$$y - 9 = 6(x - 3)$$

Slope - Intercept Equation:

$$y - 9 = 6x - 18$$

$$y = 6x - 9$$

E.x.  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ .

Find the slope and the equation of the tangent line to the graph of this function at the point where  $x$ -coordinate is 3.  $\rightarrow y\text{-coord} = 1$ .  
(3, 1)

$$m_{\text{tangent}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{3}{x} - \frac{1 \cdot x}{1 \cdot x}}{x - 3} \quad \left( \frac{0}{0} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{3}{x} - \frac{x}{x}}{x - 3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\boxed{\frac{3 - x}{x}}}{\boxed{\frac{x - 3}{1}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3 - x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x - 3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3 - x}{x(x - 3)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{-\cancel{x - 3}}{x(\cancel{x - 3})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{-1}{x}$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

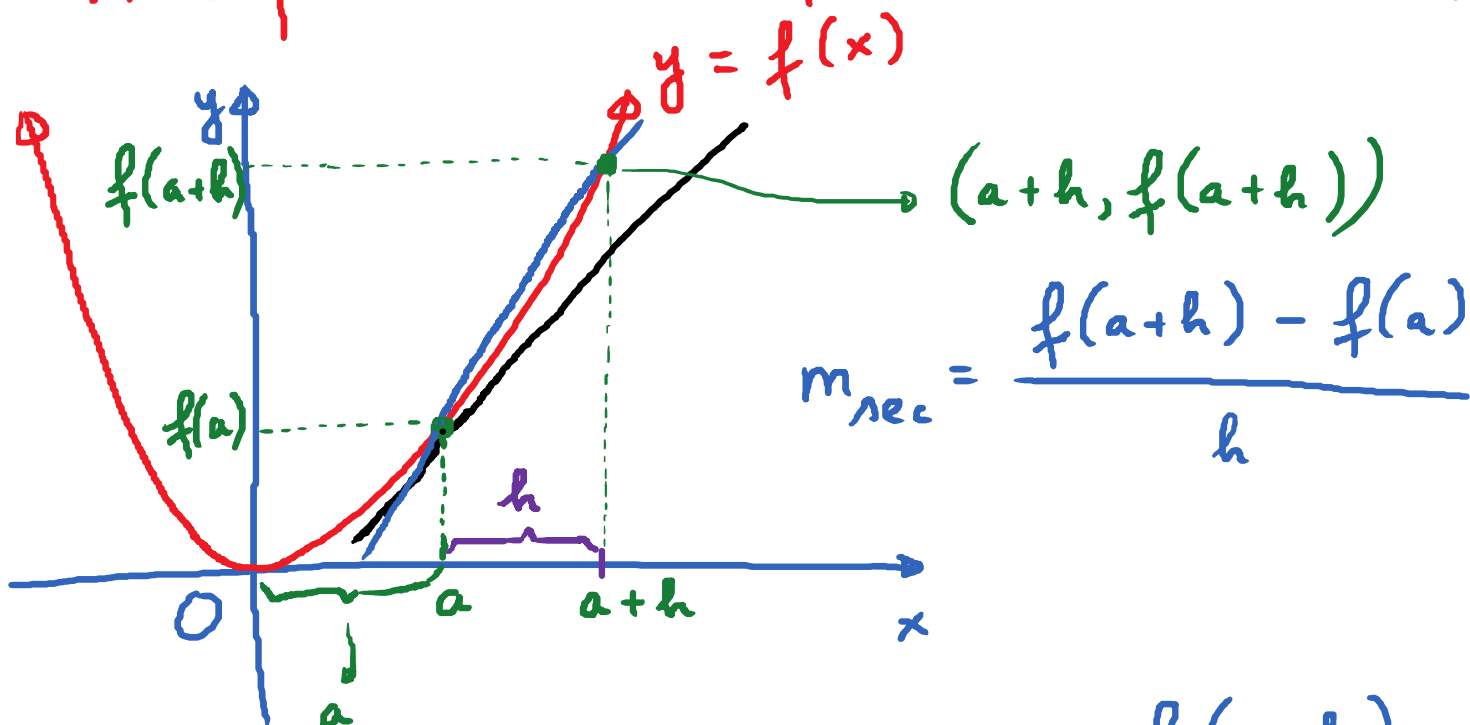
Pt-Slope equation:

$$y - 1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$$

Slope-intercept equation:

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$$

An important variation of the formula for  $m_{\text{tangent}}$ :



$$\text{So, } m_{\text{tangent}} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} m_{\text{sec}} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$