

E.g.  $h(x) = -7$

$$h(2) = -7; \quad h(2018) = -7$$

$$h(-2018) = -7$$

E.g.  $f(x) = \boxed{x^2} - 3\boxed{x} \longrightarrow (\quad)^2 - 3(\quad)$

Find  $f(1)$ ;  $f(-1)$  and  $f(2a)$

$$f(\boxed{1}) = (1)^2 - 3(1) = 1 - 3 = \boxed{-2}$$

$$f(-1) = (-1)^2 - 3(-1) = 1 + 3 = \boxed{4}$$

$$f(2a) = (2a)^2 - 3(2a)$$

$$= \boxed{4a^2 - 6a}$$

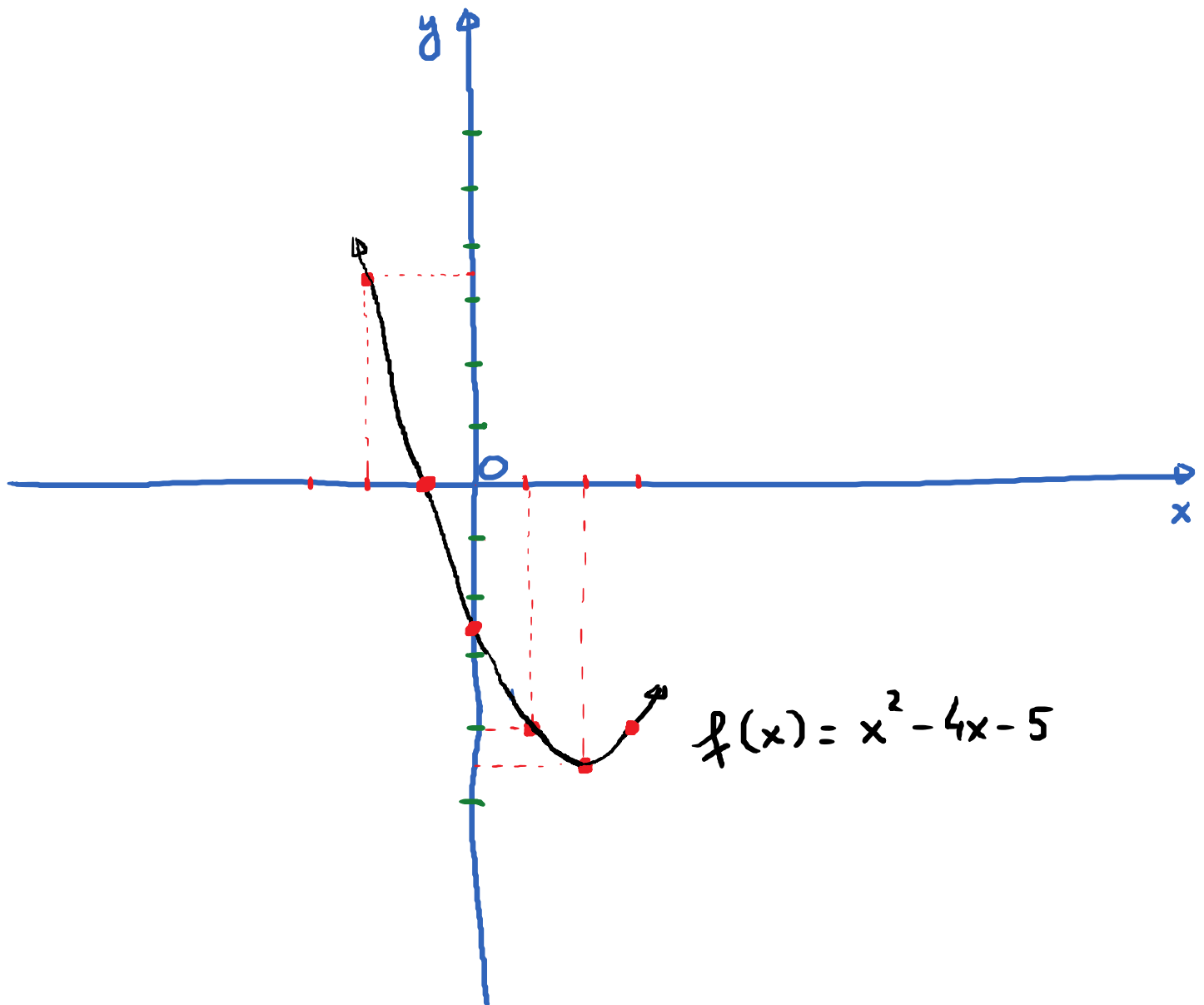
### ③ Graphs of Function.

 $(x, y)$ 

To graph a function, we find ordered pairs  $(x, f(x))$ , then we plot them and sketch a graph through the points.

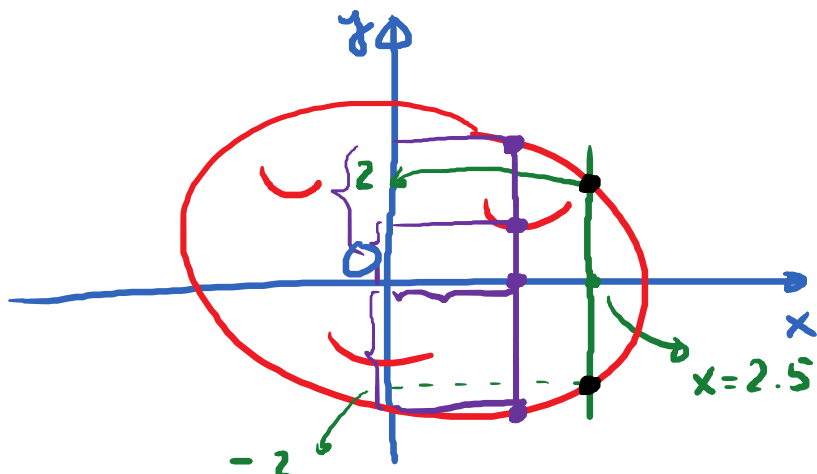
E.g.  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 5$

$x$	$y = f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 5$	
-2	7	$\rightarrow (-2, 7)$
-1	0	$\rightarrow (-1, 0)$
0	-5	$\rightarrow (0, -5)$
1	-8	$\rightarrow (1, -8)$
2	-9	$\rightarrow (2, -9)$
3	-8	$\rightarrow (3, -8)$



#### ④ The Vertical-Line Test.

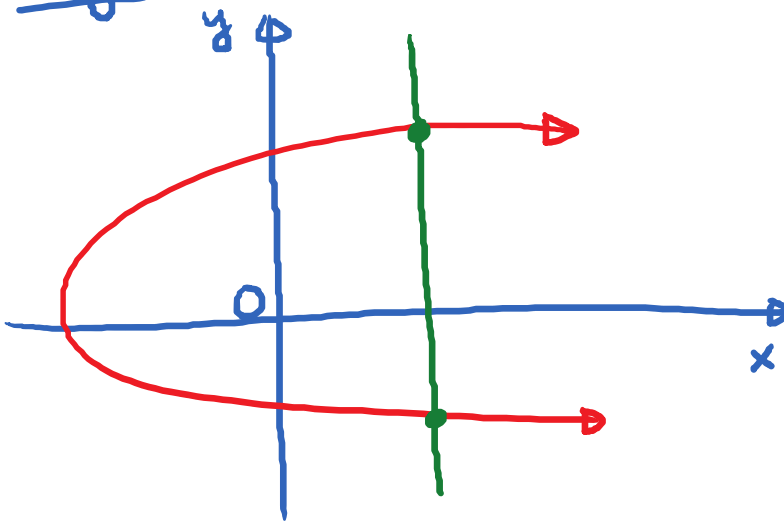
E.g.



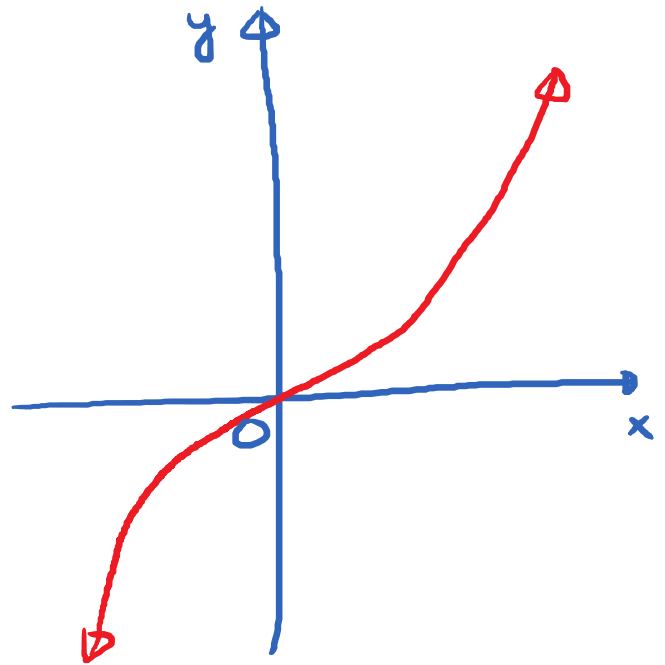
## The Vertical-line Test:

If it is possible to draw a vertical line that intersects a graph more than once, then the graph is NOT the graph of a function.

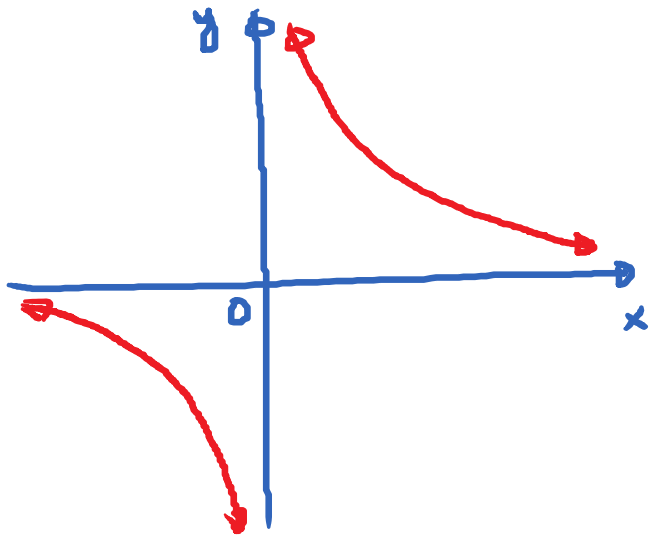
E.g.



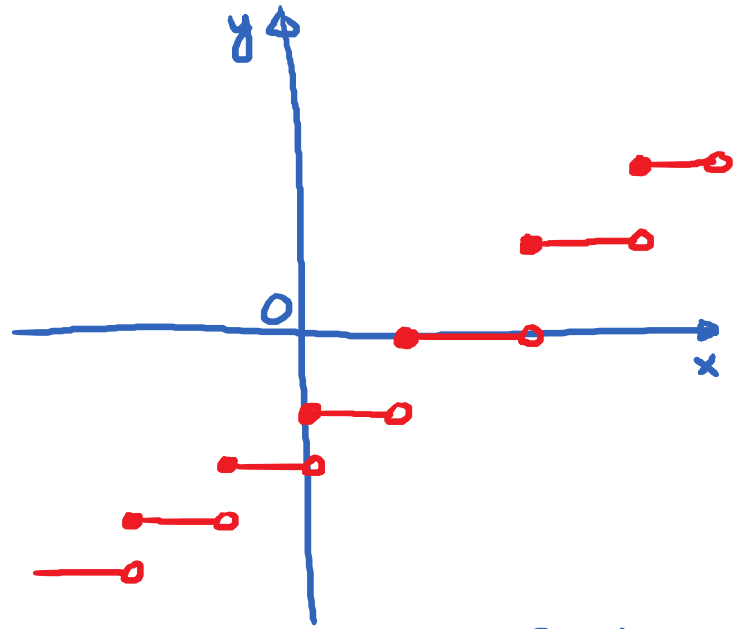
Not a graph of a  
function



graph of a function.



graph of a function



graph of a function.