

Trigonometric Substitution

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- For integrals that involve an expression of the form $\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$, try the substitution $x = a \sin \theta$, $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ then $dx = a \cos(\theta)d\theta$ and $\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} = a \cos(\theta)$.
- For integrals that involve an expression of the form $\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}$, try the substitution $x = a \tan \theta$, $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$ then $dx = a \sec^2(\theta)d\theta$ and $\sqrt{a^2 + x^2} = a \sec(\theta)$.
- For integrals that involve an expression of the form $\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}$, try the substitution $x = a \sec \theta$, $0 \leq \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $\pi \leq \theta < \frac{3\pi}{2}$ then $dx = a \sec(\theta) \tan(\theta)d\theta$ and $\sqrt{x^2 - a^2} = a \tan(\theta)$.

Example 1: Substitution $x = a \sin \theta$

Find $\int \frac{4}{x^2 \sqrt{16 - x^2}} dx$.

Solution

Write the solution here

Example 2: Substitution $x = a \tan \theta$

Find $\int \frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{4+x^2}} dx$.

Solution

Write the solution here

Example 3: Substitution $x = a \sec \theta$ with a definite integral

Find $\int_4^8 \frac{\sqrt{x^2-16}}{x^2} dx$.

Solution

Write the solution here

Example 4: Completing the square and trig sub

Find $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 6x + 5}} dx$.

Solution

Write the solution here

Example 5: Application - Formula for area of an ellipse

Find the area enclosed by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, a, b are positive constants.

Solution

Write the solution here