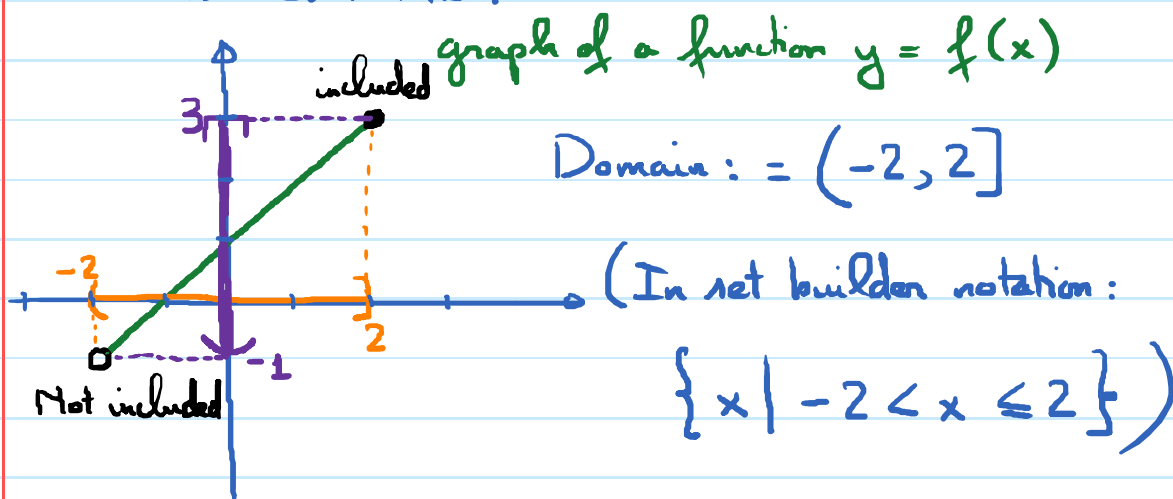


Range: Set of outputs (found on y-axis from the y-coordinate of the lowest point on the graph to the y-coordinate of the highest point on the graph)

E.g. Find the domain and the range of the function.

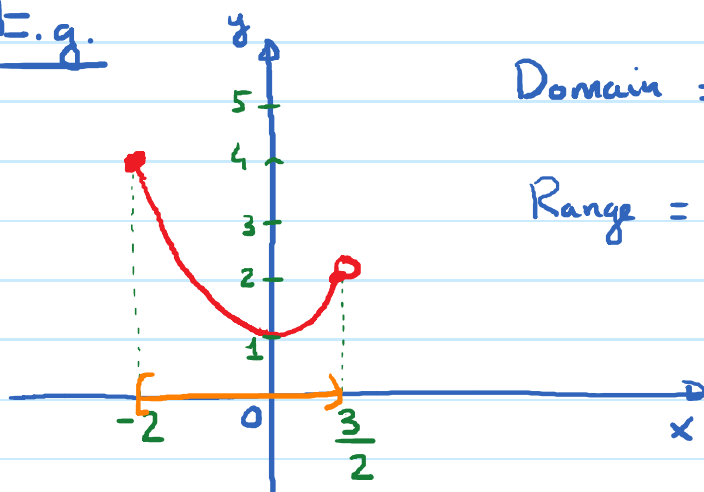
Write the answer in interval notation or set builder notation.



$$\text{Range} = (-1, 3]$$

(In set builder notation:  $\{x \mid -1 < x \leq 3\}$ )

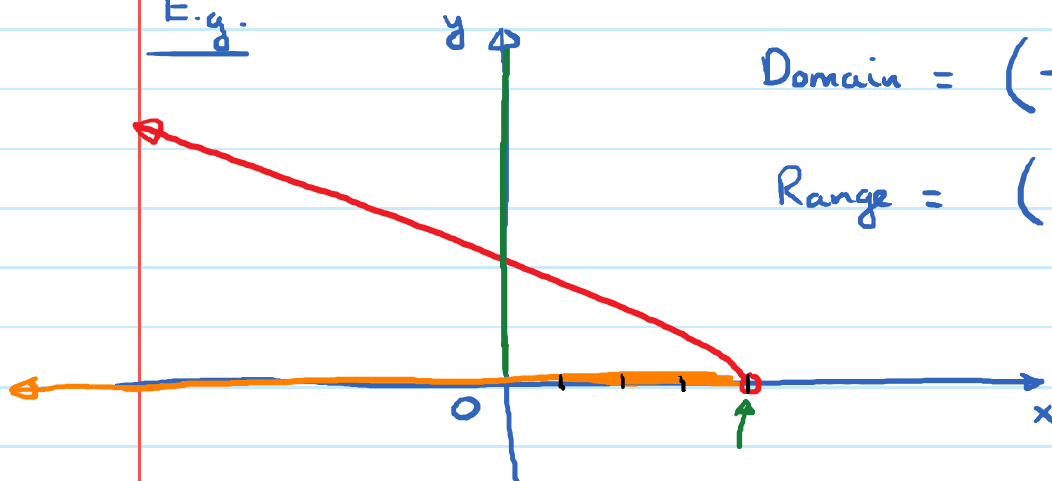
E.g.



$$\text{Domain} = [-2, \frac{3}{2})$$

$$\text{Range} = [1, 4]$$

E.g.

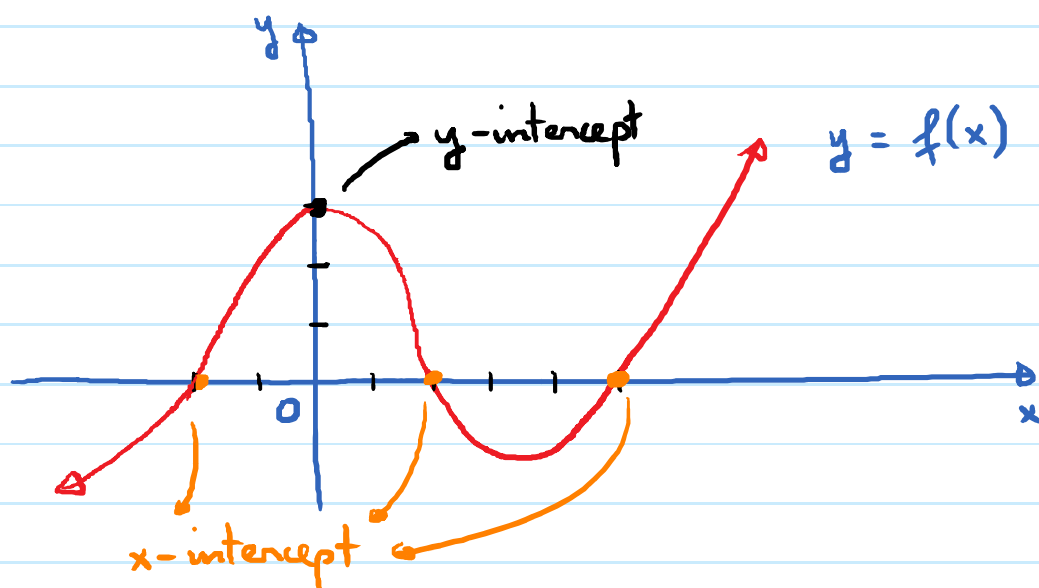


$$\text{Domain} = (-\infty, 4)$$

$$\text{Range} = (0, \infty)$$

Objective 4: Find  $x$ -intercept(s) and  $y$ -intercept and other information from graph.

\* x-intercept and y-intercept.



x-intercept: is a point at which the graph crosses the x-axis

y-intercept: is a point at which the graph crosses the y-axis.

E.g. x-intercepts:  $(-2, 0)$ ;  $(2, 0)$ ;  $(5, 0)$

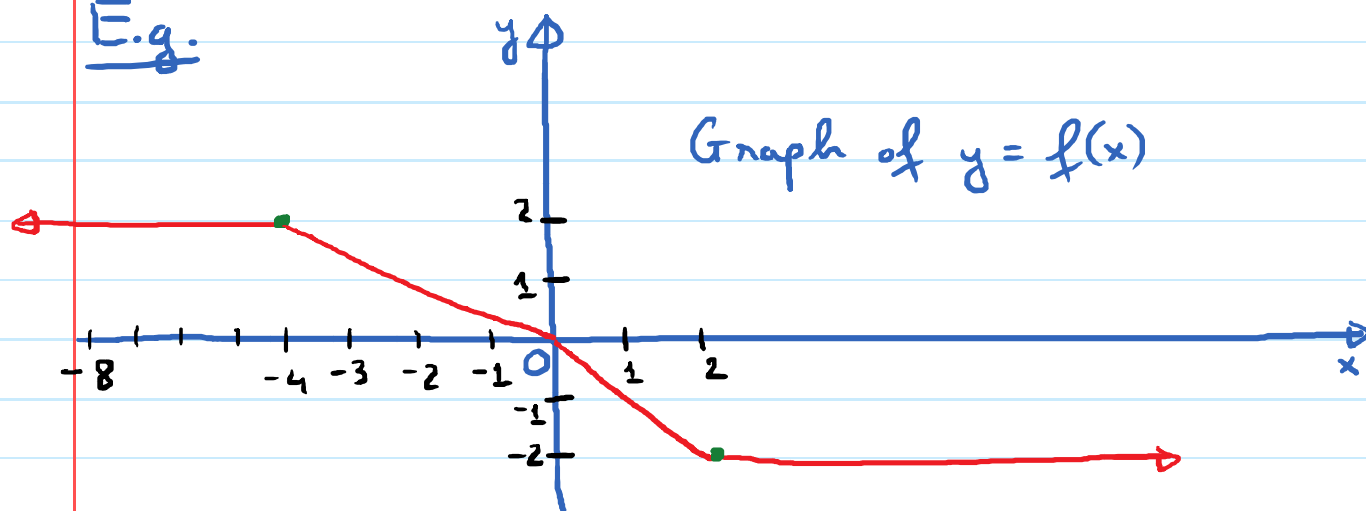
y-intercept:  $(0, 3)$

Note: y-coordinate of an x-intercept is zero.

Hence, the x-coordinate of an x-intercept is called a **zero** of the function.

Note: x-coordinate of the y-intercept is zero.

E.g.



(a)  $f(-4) = 2$  ( go to  $x = -4$  on  $x$ -axis, go up to the point on graph with  $x = -4$ , find  $y$ -coordinate of that point)

(b)  $f(2) = -2$

(c)  $f(-8) = 2$

(d)  $f(-8000) = 2$

(e)  $f(2020) = -2$

\*  $x$ -intercept :  $(0,0)$  ;  $y$ -intercept :  $(0,0)$

\* For what values of  $x$  is  $f(x) = -1$  ?  
 $x = 1.$

\* For what values of  $x$  is  $f(x) = -2$  ?

Any value of  $x$  that is 2 or greater.

In interval notation:  $[2, \infty)$